Minnesota Dual-Training Pipeline
Competency Model for Health Care Services
Occupation: Respiratory Therapist

Employer Requirements

Occupation-Specific Competencies*

- Oxygen administration
- Bronchial hygiene methods
- Lung hyperinflation techniques
- Adverse reactions to procedures
- Performs arterial punctures
- Certified in CPR procedures
- Set up and administration of CPAP
- Respiratory equipment operation
- Assure proper use of medical gas

Industry-Sector Technical Competencies*

- Pulmonary pathophysiology
- Cardiopulmonary diagnostics
- Mechanical ventilation
- Respiratory care therapeutics
- Respiratory disease education
- HIPAA
- Neonatal resuscitation
- Patient care
- Transcultural care
- Medical terminology
- Anatomy/physiology

Industry-Wide Technical Competencies

- Health industry fundamentals
- Health information
- Health industry ethics
- Laws and regulations
- Healthcare delivery
- Safety systems

Workplace Competencies

- Teamwork
- Customer focus
- Planning and organizing
- Problem solving and decision making
- Working with tools and technology
- Attention to detail
- Checking, examining and recording
- Workplace fundamentals

Academic Competencies

- Reading and writing
- Mathematics
- Science and technology
- Communication: listening and speaking
- Critical and analytic thinking
- Basic computer skills
- Information literacy

Personal Effectiveness Competencies

- Interpersonal skills
- Integrity
- Professionalism
- Initiative
- Dependability and reliability
- Adaptability and flexibility
- Lifelong learning
- Compassion and empathy
- Cultural competency

Based on: Health: Allied Health Competency Model Employment and Training Administration, United States Department of Labor, December 2011.

* Pipeline recommends the Industry-Sector Technical Competencies as formal training opportunities (provided through related instruction) and the Occupation-Specific Competencies as on-the-job training opportunities.
**Competency Model for Respiratory Therapist**

**Respiratory therapist** – Individual responsible for the assessment, therapeutic intervention and education of patients with cardiopulmonary disorders or associated complications. Respiratory therapists assess individuals to prevent, detect, monitor and manage disease and complications. Respiratory therapists provide therapeutic interventions to directly impact cardiopulmonary health as well as overall health status according to established goals and interdisciplinary care plans. Respiratory therapists provide education to promote preventative care, self-management, enhanced cardiopulmonary health and quality of life. Performs regular assessments of patients and the equipment they are using in order to adjust therapy. Collect and/or analyzes patients' blood and other specimens to determine levels of oxygen, carbon dioxide and other gases. Measures the patient’s lung capacity to determine if there are any impairments. Offers diagnosis results and treatment suggestions based on the analysis of the patient.

**Industry-Sector Technical Competencies**

**Related Instruction** for dual training means the organized and systematic form of education resulting in the enhancement of skills and competencies related to the dual trainee’s current or intended occupation.

- **Pulmonary pathophysiology** – Understand the subspecialty of surgical pathology which deals with the diagnosis and characterization of neoplastic and non-neoplastic diseases of the lungs and thoracic pleura.

- **Respiratory care therapeutics** – Understand the Exercises and treatments that are concerned with the maintenance or improvement of respiratory functioning (as in patients with pulmonary disease).

- **Cardiopulmonary diagnostics** – Understand a range of conditions that affect the heart and lungs.

- **Neonatal resuscitation** – Understand a set of interventions that at the time of birth to support the establishment of breathing and circulation.
• **Mechanical ventilation** – Understand a form of life support. When a machine takes over the work of breathing for a patient unable to breathe on their own.

• **Patient care** – Know how to treat patients not only from a clinical perspective, but also from an emotional, mental, spiritual, social and financial perspective.

• **Anatomy/physiology** – Understand the study of the structure and relationship between body parts and the study of the function of body parts and the body as a whole.

• **Transcultural care** – Understand the strong awareness of different cultures and cultural sensitivity with both verbal and non-verbal communications.

• **Health care policy** – Understand the health policy that deals with the organization, financing and delivery of health care services.

• **Medical terminology** – Knowledge of medical terms.

• **Respiratory disease education** – diseases that affect the lungs and other parts of the respiratory system.

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**Occupation-Specific Competencies**

**On-the-Job Training (OJT)** is hands-on instruction completed at work to learn the core competencies necessary to succeed in an occupation. Common types of OJT include job shadowing, mentorship, cohort-based training, assignment-based project evaluation and discussion-based training.

• **Oxygen administration** – Understand the process by which supplemented oxygen is administered to prevent hypoxemia and knowledge of the risks of hypercapnia.

• **Bronchial hygiene methods** – Understand the various airway clearance techniques.

• **Lung hyperinflation techniques** – Understand the slow, deep inspiration, inspiratory pause and fast unobstructed expiration.

• **Adverse reactions to procedures** – Know the reactions to both the upper airway and lower respiratory tract.

• **Performs arterial punctures** – Understand the placement of a needle or catheter into an artery to sample blood gases or blood pressure or positioning of a catheter in the aorta or the heart.
• **Certified in CPR procedures** – Understand how Cardiopulmonary resuscitation can help save a life during a cardiac or breathing emergency.

• **Set up and administration of CPAP** – Know the continuous Positive Airway Pressure therapy to introduce air flow to stent the airways open, in people who are breathing spontaneously.

• **Respiratory equipment operation** – Understand the training in infection control and preventive strategies to avoid patient contamination.

• **Assure proper use of medical gas cylinders (oxygen, heliox, nitric oxide)** – Understand the recommendations to stay in compliance with mandated standards and how to operate medical gas equipment in a manner that is safe and beneficial for the patient.

• **Provide education on enhanced pulmonary health and quality of life** – Understand how to educate patients and families to increase coping strategies to improve quality of life.

• **Patient assessment skills** – understand and be able to implement invasive and non-invasive ventilation on adult/peds/neonatal patients.

• **Pulmonary function testing** – complete evaluation of the respiratory system including patient history, physical exams and tests of pulmonary function.

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