

APPENDIX E, WORKSHEET E-1 (Fuel Gas Code).

IFGC Appendix E, Worksheet E-1

Residential Combustion Air Calculation Method
(for Furnace, Boiler, and/or Water Heater in the Same Space)

Step 1: Complete vented combustion appliance information.

Furnace/Boiler:

_____ Draft Hood (Not fan assisted) _____ Fan Assisted & Power Vent _____ Direct Vent Input: _____ Btu/hr

Water Heater:

_____ Draft Hood (Not fan assisted) _____ Fan Assisted & Power Vent _____ Direct Vent Input: _____ Btu/hr

Step 2: Calculate the volume of the Combustion Appliance Space (CAS) containing combustion appliances.

The CAS includes all spaces connected to one another by code compliant openings. CAS volume: _____ ft³

Step 3: Determine Air Changes per Hour (ACH)¹

Default ACH values have been incorporated into Table E-1 for use with Method 4b (KAIR Method). If the year of construction or ACH is not known, use method 4a (Standard Method).

Step 4: Determine Required Volume for Combustion Air.

4a. Standard Method.

Total Btu/hr input of all combustion appliances (DO NOT COUNT DIRECT VENT APPLIANCES) Input: _____ Btu/hr

Use Standard Method column in Table E-1 to find Total Required Volume (TRV) TRV: _____ ft³

If CAS Volume (from Step 2) **is greater than** TRV then no outdoor openings are needed.

If CAS Volume (from Step 2) **is less than** TRV then go to **STEP 5**.

4b. Known Air Infiltration Rate (KAIR) Method

Total Btu/hr input of all fan-assisted and power vent appliances (DO NOT COUNT DIRECT VENT APPLIANCES) Input: _____ Btu/hr

Use Fan-Assisted Appliances column in Table E-1 to find Required Volume Fan Assisted (RVFA) RVFA: _____ ft³

Total Btu/hr of all non-fan-assisted appliances Input: _____ Btu/hr

Use Non-Fan-Assisted Appliances column in Table E-1 to Find Required Volume Non-Fan-Assisted (RVNFA)

RVNFA: _____ ft³

Total Required Volume (TRV) = RVFA + RVNFA

$$\text{TRV} = \text{_____} + \text{_____} = \text{_____} \text{ ft}^3$$

If CAS Volume (from Step 2) **is greater than** TRV then no outdoor openings are needed.

If CAS Volume (from Step 2) **is less than** TRV then go to **STEP 5**.

Step 5: Calculate the ratio of available interior volume to the total required volume.

Ratio = CAS Volume (from Step 2) **divided by** TRV (from Step 4a or Step 4b)

$$\text{Ratio} = \text{_____} / \text{_____} = \text{_____}$$

Step 6: Calculate Reduction Factor (RF).

$$\text{RF} = 1 \text{ minus Ratio} \quad \text{RF} = 1 - \text{_____} = \text{_____}$$

Step 7: Calculate single outdoor opening as if all combustion air is from outside.

Total Btu/hr input of all Combustion Appliances in the same CAS (EXCEPT DIRECT VENT)

Input: _____ Btu/hr

Combustion Air Opening Area (CAOA):

Total Btu/hr **divided by** 3000 Btu/hr per in²

$$\text{CAOA} = \text{_____} / 3000 \text{ Btu/hr per in}^2 = \text{_____} \text{ in}^2$$

Step 8: Calculate Minimum CAO A

Minimum CAO A = CAO A **multiplied by** RF

$$\text{Minimum CAO A} = \text{_____} \times \text{_____} = \text{_____} \text{ in}^2$$

Step 9: Calculate Combustion Air Opening Diameter (CAOD)

CAOD = 1.13 **multiplied by the square root of** Minimum CAO A

$$\text{CAOD} = 1.13 \text{ Minimum CAO A} = \text{_____} \text{ in}$$

¹ If desired, ACH can be determined using ASHRAE calculation or blower door test. Follow procedures in Section G304.