

MINNESOTA DEFENSE LAWYERS' ASSOCIATIONS PROPOSALS FOR LEGISLATIVE CHANGES

Workers' Compensation Advisory Committee

March 8, 2023

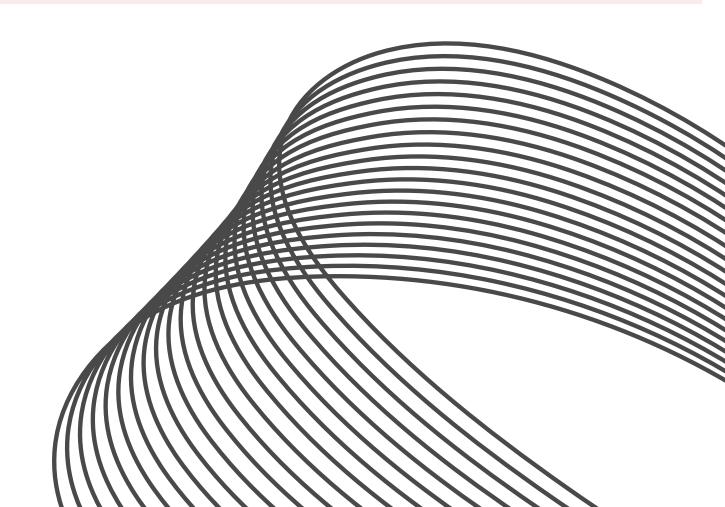


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1	#1. Service of Claims for Attorney Fees on All Parties
2	176.081 LEGAL SERVICES OR DISBURSEMENTS; LIEN; REVIEW.
3	Subdivision 1. Limitation of fees.
4	(d) An attorney who is claiming legal fees for representing an employee in a workers'
5	compensation matter shall file a statement of attorney fees with the commissioner or
6	compensation judge before whom the matter was heard. A copy of the signed retainer
7	agreement shall also be filed. The employee, employer, and insurer, and any attorney
8	representing the employer or insurer, shall receive a copy of the statement. The statement
9	shall be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and shall report the number of hours spent
10	on the case.
11	
12	#2. Expedited Hearings on Motion
13	176.331 PROCEEDINGS WHEN ANSWER NOT FILED.
14	Except in cases involving multiple employers or multiple insurers, if an adverse party
15	fails to file and serve an answer or obtain an extension from the office or the petitioner as
16	required by section <u>176.321</u> , <u>subdivision 3</u> , the office shall set the matter for <u>upon motion of</u>
17	the petitioner, prior to any answer being filed, a compensation judge may schedule an
18	immediate hearing and prompt award or other order. The adverse party that failed to file an
19	answer may appear at the hearing, present evidence and question witnesses, but shall not be
20	granted a continuance except upon a showing of good cause.
21	#3. Fairness at Hearings on Discontinuances
22	176.239 ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION CONCERNING DISCONTINUANCE OF
23	COMPENSATION.
24	Subd. 6. Scope of the administrative decision.
25	If benefits have been discontinued due to the employee's return to work, the
26	commissioner shall determine whether, as a result of occurrences arising during the initial 14

1	calendar days after the return to work, the employee is entitled to additional payment of
2	temporary total, temporary partial, or permanent total compensation.
3	If periodic payment of temporary total, temporary partial, or permanent total
4	compensation has been discontinued for reasons other than a return to work, the
5	commissioner shall determine whether the employer has reasonable grounds to support the
6	discontinuance. Only information or reasons specified on the notice of discontinuance shall
7	provide a basis for a discontinuance, unless the parties agree otherwise.§
8	Subd. 7.Interim administrative decision.
9	After considering the information provided by the parties at the administrative
10	conference, including exhibits submitted by both the Employer and Insurer and the Employee,
11	the commissioner shall issue to all interested parties a written decision on payment of
12	compensation. Administrative decisions under this section shall be issued within five
13	working days from the close of the conference. Disputed issues of fact shall be determined
14	by a preponderance of the evidence.
15	#4. Claim Petition Standards
16	176.291 DISPUTES; PETITIONS; PROCEDURE.
17	(a) Where there is a dispute as to a question of law or fact in connection with a claim for
18	compensation, a party may serve on all other parties and file a petition with the commissioner
19	stating the matter in dispute. The petition shall be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and
20	shall be signed by the petitioner.
21	(b) The petition shall also state and include, where applicable:
22	(1) names and residence or business address of parties;
23	(2) facts relating to the employment at the time of injury, including amount of wages
24	received;
25	(3) extent and character of <u>each</u> injury;
26	(4) notice to or knowledge by employer of injury;

1	(5) copies of written medical reports or <u>factual documentation supporting the occurrences</u>
2	of or other information in support of the each alleged work injury and claim;
3	(6) names and addresses of all known witnesses intended to be called in support of the each
4	injury and claim;
5	(7) the desired location of any hearing and estimated time needed to present evidence at
6	the hearing;
7	(8) any requests for a prehearing or settlement conference;
8	(9) a list of all known third parties, including the Departments of Human Services and
9	Employment and Economic Development, who may have paid any medical bills or other
10	benefits to the employee for the injuries or disease alleged in the petition or for the time
11	the employee was unable to work due to the injuries or disease, together with a listing of
12	the amounts paid by each;
13	(10) the nature and extent of the claim(s); and
14	
15	(c) Incomplete petitions may be dismissed or stricken from the calendar as provided by section
16	176.305, subdivisions 4 and 5. The time limits in Minn. Stat. §176.155, 176.312, 176.331, and
17	Minn. R. 1420.2200, shall be tolled until the request by a party is acted upon by a compensation
18	judge or withdrawn. Within 30 days of a request by a party, an employee who has filed a claim
19	petition pursuant to section 176.271 or this section shall furnish a list of physicians and health care
20	providers from whom the employee has received treatment for the same or a similar condition as
21	well as authorizations to release relevant information, data, and records to the requester. The
22	petition may be stricken from the calendar upon motion of a party for failure to timely provide the
23	required list of health care providers or authorizations.
24	
25	(d)Within 30 days of a request by a party, an employee who has filed a claim petition pursuant to
26	section 176.271 or this section shall furnish a list of physicians and health care providers from
27	whom the employee has received treatment for the same or a similar condition as well as
28	authorizations to release relevant information, data, and records to the requester. The petition may

1	be stricken from the calendar upon motion of a party for failure to timely provide the required list
2	of health care providers or authorizations.
3	
4	176.305 PETITIONS FILED WITH WORKERS' COMPENSATION DIVISION.
5	Subd. 4.Striking from calendar
6	A compensation judge, after receiving a properly served motion, may shall strike a case
7	from the active trial calendar after the employee has been given 30 days to correct the a
8	deficientey petition if it is shown that the information on the petition or included with the
9	petition is incomplete. Once a case is stricken, it may not be reinstated until the missing
10	information is provided to the adverse parties and filed with the compensation judge. If a
11	case has been stricken from the calendar for one year or more and 30 days or more and no
12	corrective action has been taken, the compensation judge may, shall upon the judge's own
13	motion or a motion of a party which is properly served on all parties, dismiss the case,
14	without prejudice. The petitioner must be given at least 30 days' advance notice of the
15	proposed dismissal before the dismissal is effective.
16	#5. Expedited Medical Authorization Process
17	176.101 COMPENSATION SCHEDULE.
18	<u>§</u>
19	Subdivision 1. Temporary total disability.
20	
21	(a) For injury producing temporary total disability, the compensation is 66-2/3 percent
22	of the weekly wage at the time of injury.
23	(b)(1) Commencing on October 1, 2013, and each October 1 thereafter, the maximum
24	weekly compensation payable is 102 percent of the statewide average weekly wage for the
25	period ending December 31 of the preceding year.
26	(2) The Workers' Compensation Advisory Council may consider adjustment increases
27	and make recommendations to the legislature.

1	(c) The minimum weekly compensation payable is \$130 per week or the injured
2	employee's actual weekly wage, whichever is less. Beginning on October 1, 2021, and each
3	October 1 thereafter, the minimum weekly compensation shall be 20 percent of the
4	maximum weekly compensation payable or the employee's actual weekly wage, whichever is
5	less.
6	(d) Temporary total compensation shall be paid during the period of disability subject to
7	the cessation and recommencement conditions in paragraphs (e) to (l).
8	(e) Temporary total disability compensation shall cease when the employee returns to
9	work. Except as otherwise provided in section <u>176.102</u> , <u>subdivision 11</u> , temporary total
10	disability compensation may only be recommenced following cessation under this paragraph
11	paragraph (h), or paragraph (j) prior to payment of 130 weeks of temporary total disability
12	compensation and only as follows:
13	(1) if temporary total disability compensation ceased because the employee returned to
14	work, it may be recommenced if the employee is laid off or terminated for reasons other than
15	misconduct if the layoff or termination occurs prior to 90 days after the employee has
16	reached maximum medical improvement. Recommenced temporary total disability
17	compensation under this clause ceases when any of the cessation events in paragraphs (e) to
18	(1) occurs; or
19	(2) if temporary total disability compensation ceased because the employee returned to
20	work or ceased under paragraph (h) or (j), it may be recommenced if the employee is
21	medically unable to continue at a job due to the injury. Where the employee is medically
22	unable to continue working due to the injury, temporary total disability compensation may
23	continue until any of the cessation events in paragraphs (e) to (l) occurs following
24	recommencement. If an employee who has not yet received temporary total disability
25	compensation becomes medically unable to continue working due to the injury after reaching
26	maximum medical improvement, temporary total disability compensation shall commence
27	and shall continue until any of the events in paragraphs (e) to (l) occurs following
28	commencement. For purposes of commencement or recommencement under this clause only

- a new period of maximum medical improvement under paragraph (j) begins when the
- 2 employee becomes medically unable to continue working due to the injury. Temporary total
- 3 disability compensation may not be recommenced under this clause and a new period of
- 4 maximum medical improvement does not begin if the employee is not actively employed
- 5 when the employee becomes medically unable to work. All periods of initial and
- 6 recommenced temporary total disability compensation are included in the 130-week
- 7 limitation specified in paragraph (k).

- (f) Temporary total disability compensation shall cease if the employee withdraws from the labor market. Temporary total disability compensation may be recommenced following cessation under this paragraph only if the employee reenters the labor market prior to 90 days after the employee reached maximum medical improvement and prior to payment of 130 weeks of temporary total disability compensation. Once recommenced, temporary total disability ceases when any of the cessation events in paragraphs (e) to (l) occurs.
- (g) Temporary total disability compensation shall cease if the total disability ends and the employee fails to diligently search for appropriate work within the employee's physical restrictions. Temporary total disability compensation may be recommenced following cessation under this paragraph only if the employee begins diligently searching for appropriate work within the employee's physical restrictions prior to 90 days after maximum medical improvement and prior to payment of 130 weeks of temporary total disability compensation. Once recommenced, temporary total disability compensation ceases when any of the cessation events in paragraphs (e) to (l) occurs.
- (h) Temporary total disability compensation shall cease if the employee has been released to work without any physical restrictions caused by the work injury.
- (i) Temporary total disability compensation shall cease if the employee refuses an offer of work that is consistent with a plan of rehabilitation filed with the commissioner which meets the requirements of section <u>176.102</u>, <u>subdivision 4</u>, or, if no plan has been filed, the employee refuses an offer of gainful employment that the employee can do in the employee's

physical condition. Once temporary total disability compensation has ceased under this 1 paragraph, it may not be recommenced. 2 (i) Temporary total disability compensation shall cease 90 days after the employee has 3 reached maximum medical improvement, except as provided in section 176.102, subdivision 4 11, paragraph (b). For purposes of this subdivision, the 90-day period after maximum 5 medical improvement commences on the earlier of: (1) the date that the employee receives a 6 written medical report indicating that the employee has reached maximum medical 7 improvement; or (2) the date that the employer or insurer serves the report on the employee 8 and the employee's attorney, if any. Once temporary total disability compensation has ceased 9 under this paragraph, it may not be recommenced except if the employee returns to work and 10 is subsequently medically unable to continue working as provided in paragraph (e), clause 11 **(2)**. 12 13 (k) Temporary total disability compensation shall cease entirely when 130 weeks of temporary total disability compensation have been paid, except as provided in 14 section 176.102, subdivision 11, paragraph (b). Notwithstanding anything in this section to 15 the contrary, initial and recommenced temporary total disability compensation combined 16 17 shall not be paid for more than 130 weeks, regardless of the number of weeks that have elapsed since the injury, except that if the employee is in a retraining plan approved under 18 section 176.102, subdivision 11, the 130-week limitation shall not apply during the 19 retraining, but is subject to the limitation before the plan begins and after the plan ends. 20 (1) temporary total disability compensation shall cease if the employee fails to provide 21 unaltered authorizations for release of medical records within 14 days of a request from an 22 23 employer, insurer, or their attorney. These authorizations must identify of all medical providers with whom the injured employee has treated, prior to and since the date of the injury. The 24 25 authorizations must allow for release of records both prior and subsequent to the date of injury. If 26 the injured employee fails to provide the signed authorizations within the 14 days, all deadlines 27 for the employer and insurer to proceed with an Employer's Examination are tolled until the authorizations are provided. 28

1	(lm) Paragraphs (e) to (kl) do not limit other grounds under law to suspend or
2	discontinue temporary total disability compensation provided under this chapter.
3	(mn) Once an employee has been paid 52 weeks of temporary total compensation, the
4	employer or insurer must notify the employee in writing of the 130-week limitation on
5	payment of temporary total compensation. A copy of this notice must also be filed with the
6	department.
7	Subd. 2. Temporary partial disability.
8	(a) In all cases of temporary partial disability the compensation shall be 66-2/3 percent
9	of the difference between the weekly wage of the employee at the time of injury and the
10	wage the employee is able to earn in the employee's partially disabled condition. This
11	compensation shall be paid during the period of disability except as provided in this section,
12	payment to be made at the intervals when the wage was payable, as nearly as may be, and
13	subject to the maximum rate for temporary total compensation.
14	(b) Temporary partial compensation may be paid only while the employee is employed,
15	earning less than the employee's weekly wage at the time of the injury, and the reduced wage
16	the employee is able to earn in the employee's partially disabled condition is due to the
17	injury. Except as provided in section <u>176.102</u> , <u>subdivision 11</u> , paragraphs (b) and (c),
18	temporary partial compensation may not be paid for more than 275 weeks, or after 450
19	weeks after the date of injury, whichever occurs first.
20	(c) Temporary partial compensation must be reduced to the extent that the wage the
21	employee is able to earn in the employee's partially disabled condition plus the temporary
22	partial disability payment otherwise payable under this subdivision exceeds 500 percent of
23	the statewide average weekly wage.
24	(d) temporary partial disability compensation shall cease if the employee fails to provide
25	unaltered authorizations for release of medical records within 14 days of a request from an
26	employer, insurer, or their attorney. These authorizations must identify of all medical providers
27	with whom the injured employee has treated, prior to and since the date of the injury. The
28	authorizations must allow for release of records both prior and subsequent to the date of injury. If

1 the injured employee fails to provide the signed authorizations within the 14 days, all deadlines

for the employer and insurer to proceed with an Employer's Examination are tolled until the

authorizations are provided.

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176.155 EXAMINATIONS.

Subdivision 1. Employer's physician.

The injured employee must submit to examination by the employer's physician, if requested by the employer, and at reasonable times thereafter upon the employer's request. Examinations shall not be conducted in hotel or motel facilities. The examination must be scheduled at a location within 150 miles of the employee's residence unless the employer can show cause to the department to order an examination at a location further from the employee's residence. The employee is entitled upon request to have a personal physician present at any such examination. Each party shall defray the cost of that party's physician. Any report or written statement made by the employer's physician as a result of an examination of the employee, regardless of whether the examination preceded the injury or was made subsequent to the injury, shall be made available, upon request and without charge, to the injured employee or representative of the employee. The employer shall pay reasonable travel expenses incurred by the employee in attending the examination including mileage, parking, and, if necessary, lodging and meals. The employer shall also pay the employee for any lost wages resulting from attendance at the examination. A self-insured employer or insurer who is served with a claim petition pursuant to section 176.271, subdivision 1, or 176.291, shall schedule any necessary examinations of the employee, if an examination by the employer's physician or health care provider is necessary to evaluate benefits claimed. The examination shall be completed and the report of the examination shall be served on the employee and filed with the commissioner within 120 days of service of the claim petition. The 120 days tolls if the employee fails to return unaltered authorizations for all medical providers who have treated the employee within 14 days of a request by the employer, insurer, or their attorney.

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