

Two-family Dwellings and Townhouses

Based on the 2020 Minnesota Residential Code

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DLI/CCLD Education Unit Municipal Grants Administrator

Objective and Outcome

Objective:

Provide an overview of the special requirements for two-family dwellings and townhouses.

Outcome:

Participants will be able to identify the special requirements unique to two-family dwellings and townhomes.

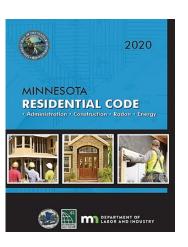
Be able to answer these 2 questions:

- 1. Why are townhouses and two-family dwellings different from other residential buildings?
- 2. How are they constructed different?

Program materials and disclaimer

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Program Materials and Disclaimers

Resources to verify fire-resistance and sound ratings



GA-600-2021

For complete information on the systems or components tested, the listing or test report should be reviewed.

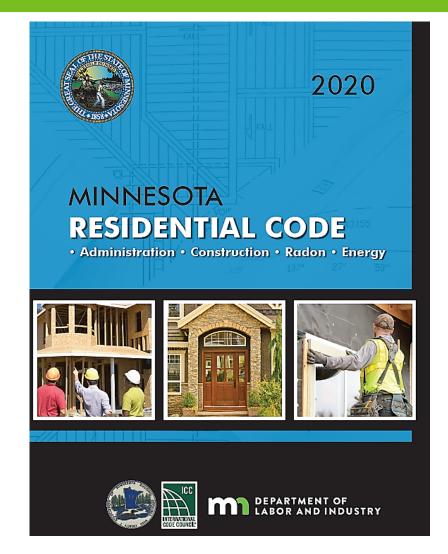
Details regarding generic systems may be requested from the Gypsum Association; details on proprietary systems are available from the companies listed for those systems.

Administration

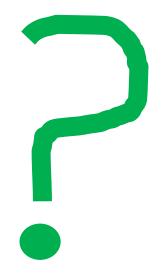
Please open and follow along in the 2020 Minnesota Residential Code (MRC) Ch. 1309

Code reference sections and page numbers are provided in the bottom left corner of slides for convenience.









Where do we start?

SCOPING

1300.0040 - SCOPE

Subp. 2. Compliance

Structures classified under part 1300.0070, subpart 12b, as IRC-1, IRC-2, IRC-3, and IRC-4 occupancies not more than three stories above grade plane in height with a separate means of egress shall comply with chapter 1309 (MRC) and other applicable rules.

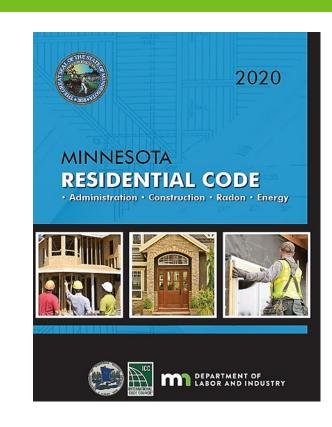
Other buildings and structures and appurtenances connected or attached to them shall comply with chapter 1305 (MBC) and other applicable rules.



1300.0040

Subp. 2. Compliance

- Structures classified as IRC-1, IRC-2, IRC-3, and IRC-4 occupancies (1300.0070)
- not more than three stories above grade plane in height
- with a <u>separate means of egress</u> shall comply with chapter 1309 (MRC) and other applicable rules.



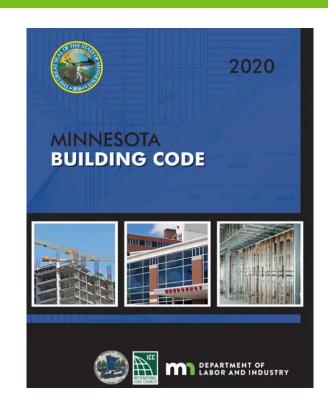
1309 (MRC)

DLI/CCLD image



1300.0040 Subp. **2.** Compliance.

Other buildings and structures and appurtenances connected or attached to them shall comply with chapter 1305 (MBC) and other applicable rules.



1305 (MBC)

DLI/CCLD image

1300.0040 – SCOPE - Subp. 2. Compliance.

Structures classified under part 1300.0070, subpart 12b, as

IRC-1, IRC-2, IRC-3, and IRC-4 occupancies <u>not more than three stories</u> above grade plane in height with a separate means of egress shall comply with chapter 1309 (MRC) and other applicable rules.

Other buildings and structures ... shall comply with chapter 1305 (MBC) and other applicable rules.



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1300.0070 subp. 12b

International Residential Code (IRC) occupancy classifications are as follows:

IRC-1 single-family dwellings;

IRC-2 two-family dwellings;

IRC-3 townhouses; and

IRC-4 accessory structures:

A. garages;

B. storage sheds; and

C. similar structures.

SECTION R300.1 CLASSIFICATION

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R300.1. Occupancy classification. Structures or portions of structures shall be classified with respect to occupancy in one or more of the groups in accordance with Table R300.1

TABLE R300.1 OCCUPANCY CLASSIFICATIONS	
IRC-1	Dwelling, single-family
IRC-2	Dwelling, two-family
IRC-3	Townhouse
IRC-4	Accessory structures

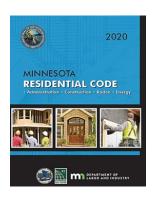
Where do we start?

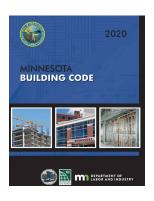
1300.0040 - SCOPE

Subp. 2. Compliance

Structures classified under part 1300.0070, subpart 12b, as IRC-1, IRC-2, IRC-3, and IRC-4 occupancies not more than three stories above grade plane in height with a separate means of egress shall comply with chapter 1309 (MRC) and other applicable rules.

Other buildings and structures and appurtenances connected or attached to them shall comply with chapter **1305 (MBC)** and other applicable rules.







1. Why are townhouses and two-family dwellings different from other residential buildings?

DEFINITIONS



MRC Ch. 202 – Definitions

Building Line:

The line established by **LAW**, beyond which a building may not extend......

Lot:

A portion or parcel of land considered as a unit.

Lot Line

A line dividing one lot from another or a street or public place.



MRC Ch. 202 – Definitions

Building:

Any one- or two-family dwelling or portion thereof, including townhouses, used or intended to be used for human habitation, for living, sleeping, cooking or eating purposes, or any combination thereof, or any accessory structure.

Grade:

The finished ground level adjoining the building at all exterior walls.



MRC Ch. 202 – Definitions

Grade plane

A reference plane representing the average of the finished ground level adjoining the building at all *exterior walls*. Where the finished ground level slopes away from the *exterior walls*, the reference plane shall be established by the lowest points within the area between the building and the *lot line* or, where the *lot line* is more than 6 feet from the building between the structure and a point 6 feet from the building.



MRC Ch. 202 – Definitions

Story:

That portion of a building included between the upper surface of a floor and the upper surface of the floor or roof next above.

Story above grade plane:

Any *story* having its finished floor surface entirely above *grade plane*, or in which the finished surface of the floor next above is either of the following:

- 1. More than 6 feet above grade plane.
- 2. More than 12 feet above the finished ground level at any point.



Fire Separation Distance:

The distance measured from the building face to one of the following:

- 1. To the closest interior lot line; or
- 2. to the centerline of a street, an alley or public way; or
- 3. to an imaginary line between two buildings on the lot.

(often referred to as the 'Line of Fire Separation'.)

The distance shall be measured at a right angle from the face of the wall.



Dwelling Unit

- A single unit providing complete independent living facilities...including permanent provisions for
 - living,
 - sleeping,
 - eating,
 - cooking and
 - sanitation.



Dwelling

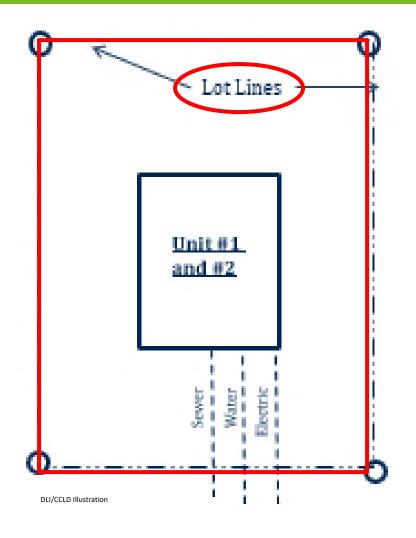
Single-Family (IRC-1)

- Any building that contains <u>1</u> dwelling unit
- used, intended or designed.....for living purposes

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Two-Family (IRC-2)
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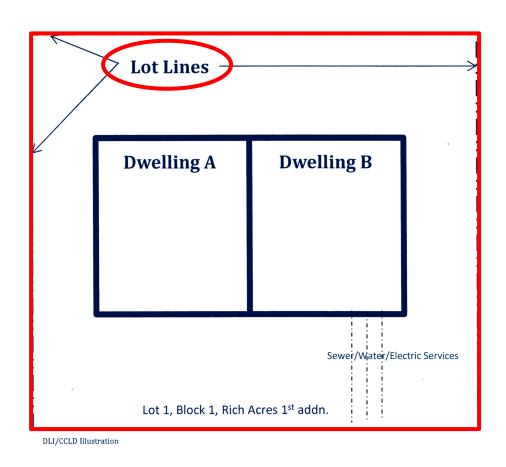
- Any building that contains 2 separate dwelling units
- with separation either horizontal or vertical
- on one lot that is used ...for living purposes

Two-Family



Two-Family Dwelling (IRC-2)

- Any building that contains <u>2</u> separate dwelling units.
- Either horizontal or vertical separation.
- On one lot.



Two-Family Dwelling (IRC-2)

- Any building that contains <u>2</u> separate dwelling units.
- Either horizontal or vertical separation.
- On one lot.

Two-family dwellings





DLI/CCLD Photo

DLI/CCLD Photo

Each of the photos represents a two-family dwelling on one lot. One dwelling with a horizontal separation and the other with a vertical separation. (IRC-2)

Section R202 - 2020 MRC – Page 65



Dwelling

Townhouse (IRC-3)

- Single Family-Dwelling Unit...Constructed in a group of 2 or more attached units
- In which each unit extends from the foundation to the roof and
- Having open space on at least 2 sides of each Dwelling unit
- Each Single-Family Dwelling Unit <u>SHALL be considered a SEPARATE</u> building.
- **SEPARATE** building service utilities shall be provided to each Single-Family Dwelling unit when required by <u>other chapters</u> of the State Building Code.





START HERE



1300.0040 – SCOPE - Subp. 2. Compliance.

We can use - MRC 1309

- 3 stories or less
- with a separate means of egress

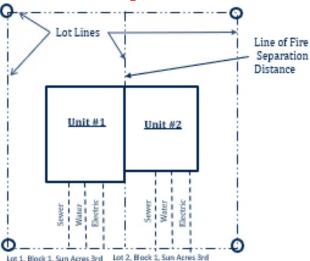


Townhouse

Townhouse (IRC-3)

- A single-family dwelling unit constructed in a group of two or more attached units
- Each unit extends from the foundation to the roof.
- Open space on at least two sides of each unit.

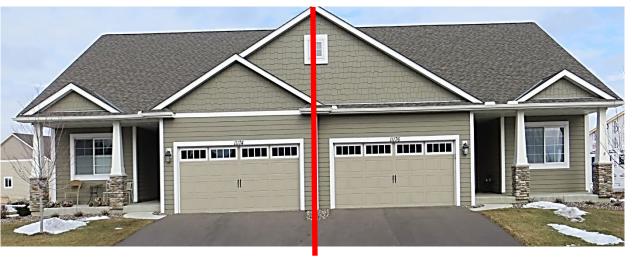




Townhouse

Townhouse (IRC-3)-cont.

- •Each Single-Family Dwelling Unit SHALL be considered a SEPARATE building.
- •SEPARATE building service utilities shall be provided to each Single-Family Dwelling unit when required by other chapters of the State Building Code.



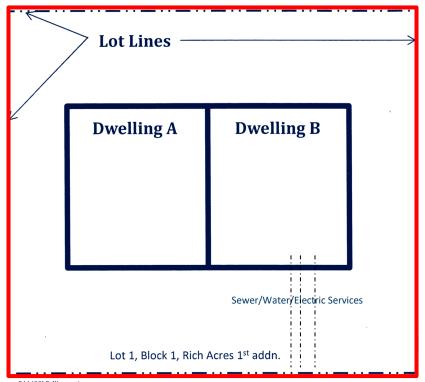
Line of Fire Separation Distance

Unit #1 Unit #2

Line of Fire Separation Distance

Two-Family Dwelling or Townhouse?

Why?





DLI/CCLD Illustrations

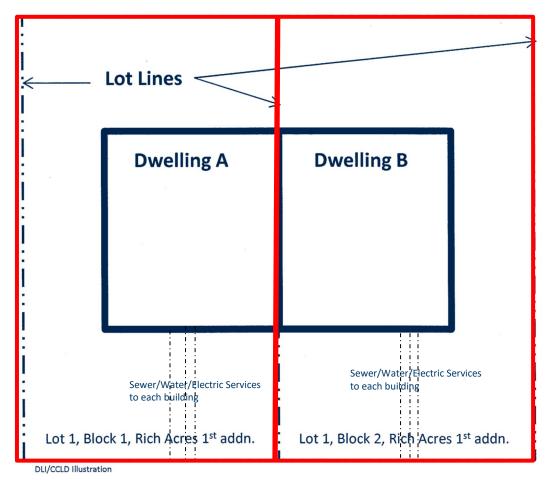
- Two dwellings on one lot
- Single sewer/water/electric service to building

Answer:

Two-family dwelling:

Two-family dwellings IRC-2

DLI/CCLD Illustration 28





- Two or more units
- Vertical separation
- Two sides open
- Separate sewer/water/electric service to buildings

Answer

Two-unit townhouse:

Townhouses IRC-3

Exercise/Discussion 29

Townhouse (IRC-3) 1309?

- 3 stories or less
- Separate Means of Egress
- 2 or more ATTACHED units
- Vertical separation
- Each unit OPEN on 2 Sides
- Separate Utilities



31

Townhouse (IRC-3)

- 2 or more ATTACHED units
- OPEN on 2 SIDES

DLI/CCLD Photo

DLI/CCLD Illustration

Separate Means of Egress

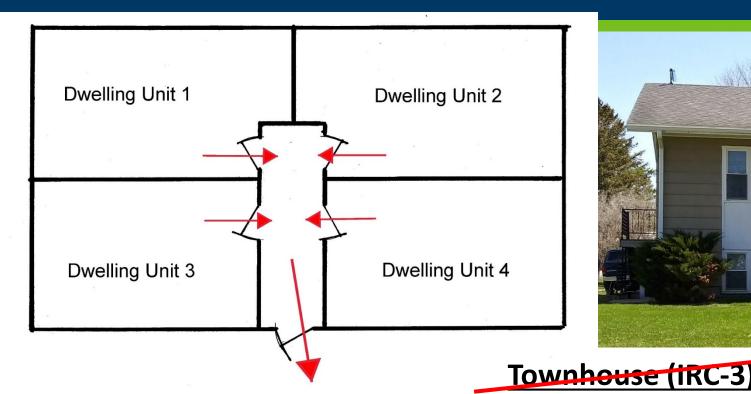
MRC 1309?

MBC 1305!





Townhouse?





MBC 1305

- 2 or more ATTACHED units
- OPEN on 2 SIDES
- Separate Means of Egress
- Vertical separation

QUESTIONS?

- 1. Is there a limit to how many townhomes can be joined together?
- 2. Can townhomes have horizontal separations (stacked)?
- 3. Does MRC say that a townhouse dwelling unit has to have a front door?
- 4. Does the MRC say that townhomes have to be separated by property lines?

Section R202 – 2020 MRC – Page 65



Dwelling

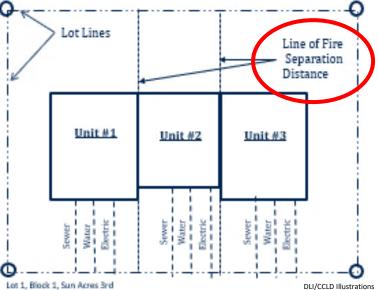
Townhouse (IRC-3)

- Single Family-Dwelling Unit...Constructed in a group of 2 or more attached units
- In which each unit extends from the foundation to the roof and
- Having open space on at least 2 sides of each Dwelling unit
- Each Single-Family Dwelling Unit <u>SHALL be considered a SEPARATE</u> building.
- **SEPARATE** building service utilities shall be provided to each Single-Family Dwelling unit when required by <u>other chapters</u> of the State Building Code.

Townhouse (IRC-3) 1309?

- 3 stories or less
- Separate Means of Egress
- 2 or more ATTACHED units
- Each unit OPEN on 2 Sides
- Vertical Separation
- Separate Utilities
- On the SAME LOT?





DLI/CCLD Photo

Scope and definitions

Who else helps us define what is a Townhouse or 2-Family dwelling?

- ✓ Building Codes MRC
- ✓ Planning & Zoning
- ✓ City Ordinances
- ✓ Laws
- ✓ Property Records
- ✓ Public Works/Utilities



2. How are they constructed different?

SEPARATIONS

FIRE SOUND







TWO-FAMILY DWELLINGS OR TOWNHOUSES

BEFORE



DLI/CCLD Photo

Section R302.2.6 - 2020 MRC – Page 101

AFTER





Photo provided by D. Schoeppner

Photo provided by D. Schoeppner

Code compliance performs when everyone does their job.

Section R302.2.6 - 2020 MRC – Page 101



MRC Ch. 202 – Definitions

Fire Separation Distance:

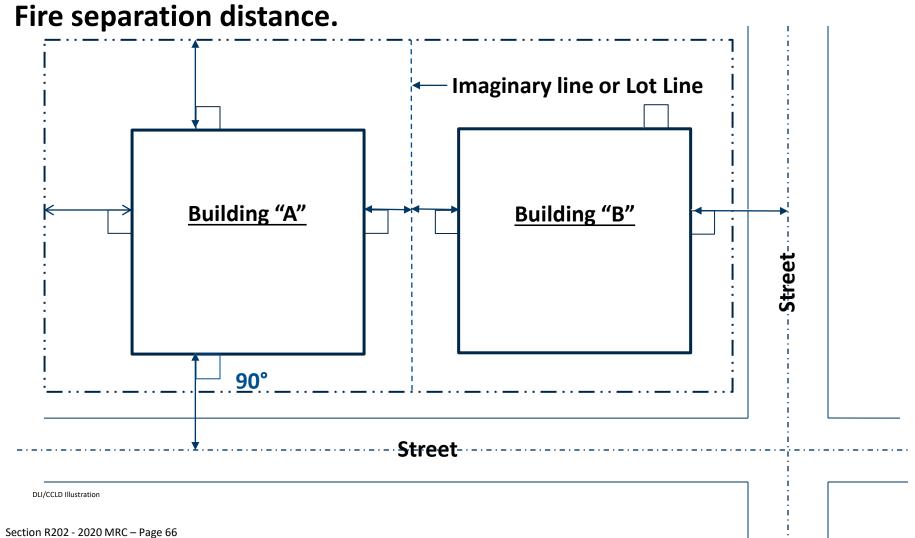
The distance measured from the building face to one of the following:

- 1. To the closest interior lot line; or
- 2. to the centerline of a street, an alley or public way; or
- 3. to an imaginary line between two buildings on the lot.

(often referred to as the 'Line of Fire Separation'.)

The distance shall be measured at a right angle from the face of the wall.

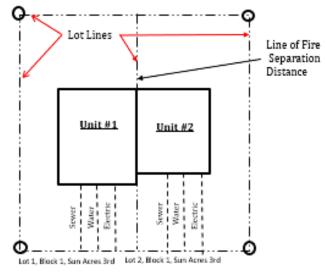
Line of Fire Separation Distance

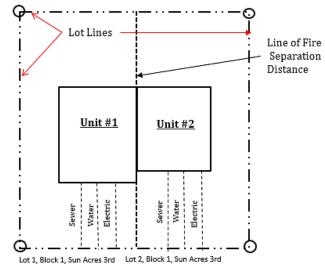


FIRE SEPARATIONS



Townhouse





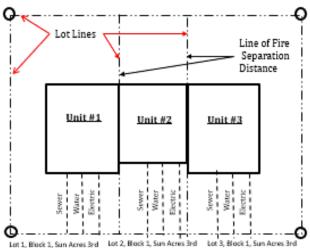
2-Family Dwelling

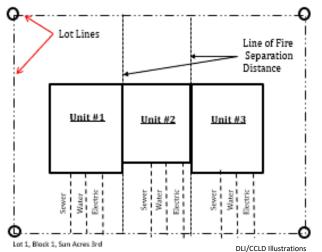
DLI/CCLD Illustrations

FIRE SEPARATIONS

Townhouse







Section R202 - 2020 MRC – Page 65



Code Sections

MRC Ch. 302 - Fire-Resistant Construction

R302.1 Exterior Walls

- R302.1(1) Table (NOT Sprinkled)
- R302.1(2) Table (with Sprinklers)
- Exception1

MRC Ch. 302 - Fire-Resistant Construction

R302.2 – Townhouses

- R302.2.1 Double Walls
- R302.2.2 Common Walls
- R302.2.3 Continuity
- R302.2.4 Parapets
- R302.2.5 Parapet Construction
- R302.2.6 Structural Independence
- R302.2.7 Sound Transmission

MRC Ch. 302 - Fire-Resistant Construction

R302.3 Two-Family Dwellings

- R302.3.1 Supporting Construction
- R302.3.2 Sound Transmission

R302.4 - Dwelling Unit Rated Penetrations (for Townhouses & 2-Family dwellings)

- R302.4.1 Through Penetrations
- R302.4.2 Membrane Penetrations

MRC Appendix K – Sound Transmission

MRC C	h. 313 – Automatic Fire Sprinkler Systems
R313.1	<u>– Townhouse Sprinklers</u>
R313.2	— One and Two-Family Dwellings
R313.3	- Installation Requirements
R313.4	– State Licensed Facilities



MRC Ch. 302.1 Exterior Walls

MRC Ch. 302 - Fire-Resistant Construction

R302.1 Exterior Walls

- R302.1(1) Table (NOT Sprinkled R313)
- R302.1(2) Table (with Sprinklers R313) (3-unit townhouse or more)
- Exception 1

MRC Ch. 302 - Fire-Resistant Construction

R302.1 Exterior Walls

Construction, projections, openings and penetrations of exterior walls of dwellings and accessory buildings shall comply with Table R302.1(1); or dwellings equipped throughout with an automatic sprinkler system installed in accordance with Section P2904 shall comply with Table R302.1(2).

Exceptions:

1. Walls, projections, openings or penetrations in walls perpendicular to the line used to determine the fire separation distance.

Fire separation distance.

TABLE R302.1(1) EXTERIOR WALLS

EXTERIO	R WALL ELEMENT	MINIMUM FIRE-RESISTANCE RATING	MINIMUM FIRE SEPARATION DISTANCE
Walls	Fire-resistance rated	1 hour—tested in accordance with ASTM E119, UL 263, or Section 703.3 of the <i>International Building Code</i> with exposure from both sides	0 feet
	Not fire-resistance rated	0 hours	≥ 5 feet
Projections	Not allowed	NA	< 2 feet
	Fire-resistance rated	1 hour on the underside, or heavy timber, or fire- retardant-treated wood ^{a, b, c}	≥ 2 feet to < 5 feet
	Not fire-resistance rated	0 hours	≥ 5 feet
Openings in walls	Not allowed	NA	< 3 feet
	25% maximum of wall area	0 hours	3 feet
	Unlimited	0 hours	5 feet
Penetrations	All	Comply with Section R302.4	< 3 feet
		None required	3 feet

For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm.

NA = Not Applicable.

a. The fire-resistance rating shall be permitted to be reduced to 0 hours on the underside of the eave overhang if fireblocking is provided from the wall top plate to the underside of the roof sheathing.

b. The fire-resistance rating shall be permitted to be reduced to 0 hours on the underside of the rake overhang where gable vent openings are not installed.

c. One hour on the underside equates to one layer of ⁵/₈-inch type X gypsum sheathing. Openings are not allowed

Fire separation distance.

TABLE R302.1(2) EXTERIOR WALLS—DWELLINGS WITH FIRE SPRINKLERS

EXTERIOR WALL ELEMENT		MINIMUM FIRE-RESISTANCE RATING	MINIMUM FIRE SEPARATION DISTANCE
Walls	Fire-resistance rated	1 hour—tested in accordance with ASTM E119, UL 263, or Section 703.3 of the <i>International Building Code</i> with exposure from the outside	0 feet
	Not fire-resistance rated	0 hours	3 feet ^a
Projections	Not allowed	NA	< 2 feet
	Fire-resistance rated	1 hour on the underside, or heavy timber, or fire- retardant-treated wood ^{b, c, d}	2 feet ^a
	Not fire-resistance rated	0 hours	3 feet
Openings in walls	Not allowed	NA	< 3 feet
	Unlimited	0 hours	3 feet ^a
Penetrations	All	Comply with Section R302.4	< 3 feet
		None required	3 feet ^a

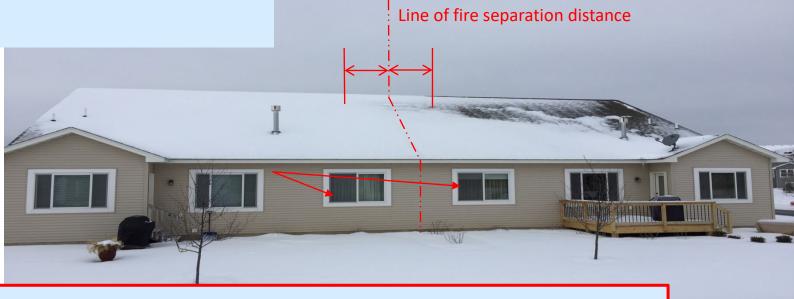
For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm.

NA = Not Applicable.

- a. For residential subdivisions where all dwellings are equipped throughout with an automatic sprinkler system installed in accordance with Section P2904, the fire separation distance for exterior walls not fire-resistance rated and for fire-resistance-rated projections shall be permitted to be reduced to 0 feet, and unlimited unprotected openings and penetrations shall be permitted, where the adjoining lot provides an open setback yard that is 6 feet or more in width on the opposite side of the property line.
- b. The fire-resistance rating shall be permitted to be reduced to 0 hours on the underside of the eave overhang if fireblocking is provided from the wall top plate to the underside of the roof sheathing.
- c. The fire-resistance rating shall be permitted to be reduced to 0 hours on the underside of the rake overhang where gable vent openings are not installed.
- d. One hour on the underside equates to one layer of $\frac{5}{8}$ -inch type X gypsum sheathing. Openings are not allowed.

R302.1 Exterior walls.

Construction, projections, openings and penetrations of exterior walls of dwellings and accessory buildings shall comply with Table R302.1(1);



Exceptions:

1. Walls, projections, openings or penetrations in walls perpendicular to the line used to determine the fire separation distance.







MRC Ch. 302.3 Two-Family Dwellings

Two-family dwellings





DLI/CCLD Photo

DLI/CCLD Photo

Each of the photos represents a two-family dwelling on one lot. One dwelling with a horizontal separation and the other with a vertical separation.

Section R202 - 2020 MRC – Page 65

Two-family dwellings

R302.3 - Two-family dwellings.

Dwelling units in two-family dwellings shall be separated from each other by wall and floor assemblies having not less than a 1-hour fire-resistance rating when tested in accordance with ASTM E 119, UL 263 or Section 703.3 of the International Building Code.

Fire-resistance-rated floor/ceiling and wall assemblies shall extend to and be tight against the exterior wall, and wall assemblies shall extend from the foundation to the underside of the roof sheathing.

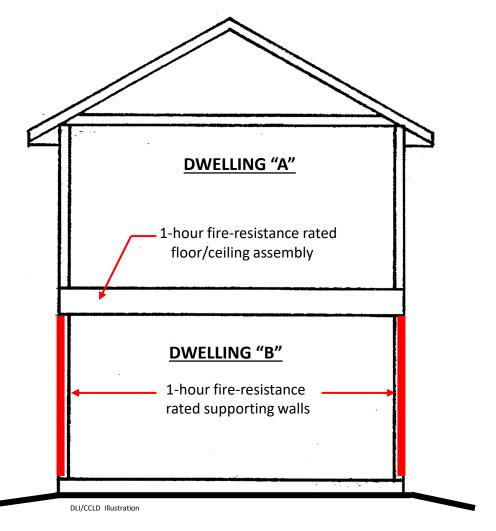
(see exceptions – Sprinks, Attics)

Section R302.3 - 2020 MRC – Page 101

Two-family dwellings

R302.3.1 - Supporting construction.

When floor assemblies are required to be fire-resistance rated by Section R302.3, the supporting construction of such assemblies shall have an equal or greater fire-resistance rating.



Section R302.3.1 - 2020 MRC – Page 102

Two-Family Dwellings

R302.3.2 - Sound transmission.

Two-Family Dwellings constructed in accordance with Section R302.3 shall comply with the sound transmission requirements of MRC Appendix K.









MRC Ch. 302.2 Townhouses

MRC Ch. 302 - Fire-Resistant Construction

R302.2 – Townhouses

R302.2.1 Double Walls



R302.2.2 Common Walls



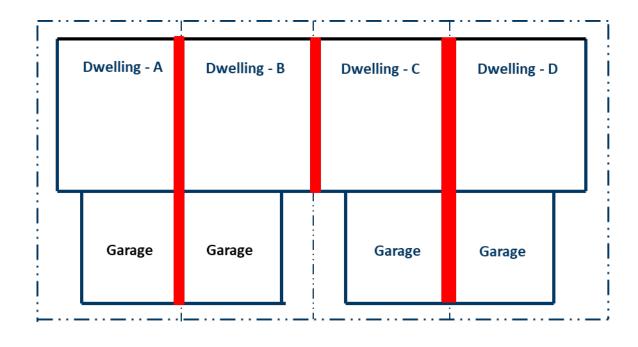
- R302.2.3 Continuity
- R302.2.4 Parapets
- R302.2.5 Parapet Construction
- R302.2.6 Structural Independence
- R302.2.7 Sound Transmission

R302.2 Townhouses:

Walls separating townhouses shall be constructed in accordance with Section R302.2.1 or R302.2.2.

R302.2.1 – Double walls

R302.2.2 – Common walls

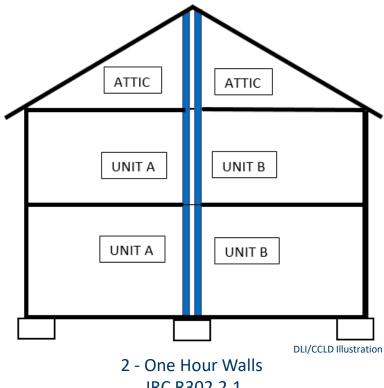


DLI/CCLD Illustration

Section R302.2 - 2020 MRC – Page 100

R302.2.1 Double walls:

- Each townhouse shall be separated by two (2) 1-hour fire-resistance-rated wall assemblies
- Tested in accordance with ASTM E119, UL 263 or Section 703.3 of the International Building Code.

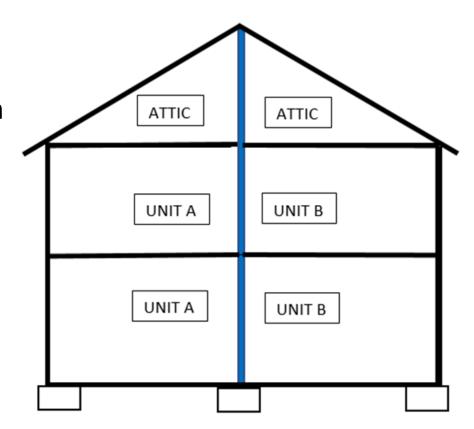


IRC R302.2.1

Section R302.2 - 2020 MRC - Page 100

R302.2.2 Common walls:

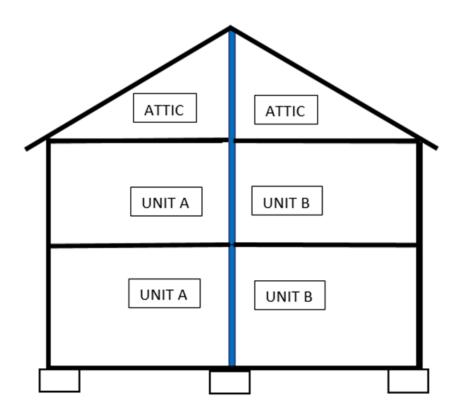
- Common walls separating townhouses shall be assigned a fire-resistance rating in accordance with Item 1 or 2.
- The common wall shared by two townhouses shall be constructed without plumbing or mechanical equipment, ducts or vents in the cavity of the common wall.
- The wall shall be rated for fire exposure from both sides and shall extend to and be tight against exterior walls and the underside of the roof sheathing.



Section R302.2 - 2020 MRC – Page 100, 101

R302.2.2 Common walls – cont.

- Electrical installations shall be in accordance with Chapters 34 through 43. (See Minnesota Electrical Code)
- Penetrations of the membrane of common walls for electrical outlet boxes shall be in accordance with Section R302.4.

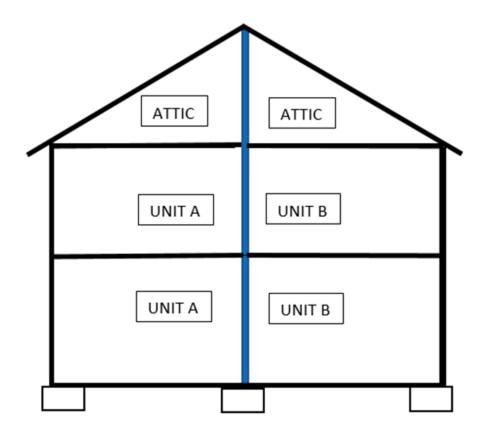


Section R302.2 - 2020 MRC – Page 100, 101

RECAP:

R302.2.2 Common walls:

Common walls separating townhouses shall be assigned a fire-resistance rating in accordance with Item 1 or 2.

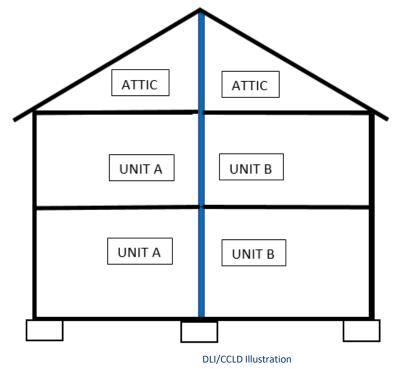


Section R302.2 - 2020 MRC – Page 100, 101

R302.2.2 Common walls - cont.

<u>Item 1:</u>

Where a fire sprinkler system in accordance with Section P2904 is provided, the common wall shall be not less than a 1-hour fire-resistance-rated wall assembly tested in accordance with ASTM E119, UL 263 or Section 703.3 of the International Building Code.



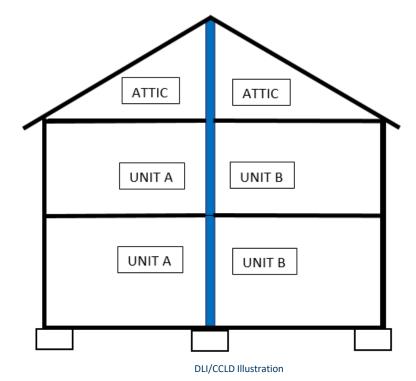
1 - One Hour Wall w/ fire sprinkler system (NO plumbing or mechanical equipment) IRC R302.2.2 item #1

All Townhouses Sprinkled (three or more) - MN

R302.2.2 Common walls - cont.

<u>Item 2:</u>

Where a fire sprinkler system in accordance with Section P2904 is **NOT** provided, the common wall shall be not less than a 2-hour fire-resistance-rated wall assembly tested in accordance with ASTM E119, UL 263 or Section 703.3 of the International Building Code.



1 - Two Hour Wall w/o fire sprinkler system (NO plumbing or mechanical equipment) IRC R302.2.2 item #2

Two Unit Townhouse Only

MRC Ch. 302 - Fire-Resistant Construction

R302.2 – Townhouses

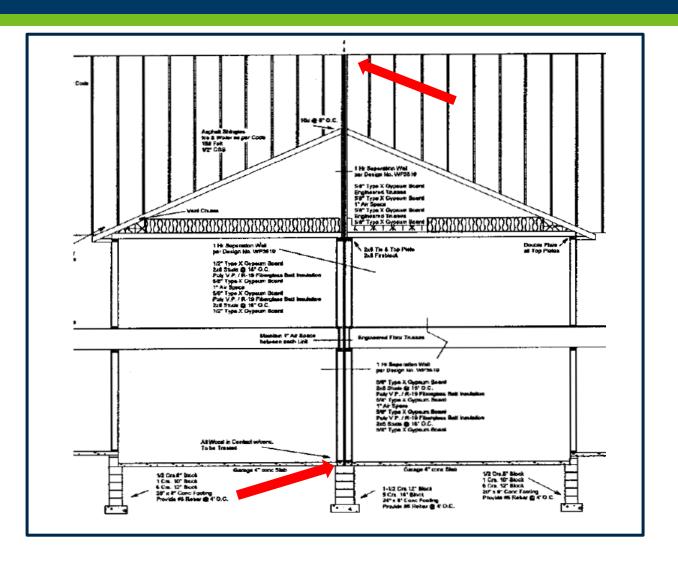
- R302.2.1 Double Walls
- R302.2.2 Common Walls
- R302.2.3 Continuity
- R302.2.4 Parapets
- R302.2.5 Parapet Construction
- R302.2.6 Structural Independence
- R302.2.7 Sound Transmission



R302.2.3 – Continuity

R302.2.3 Continuity:

The fire-resistance-rated wall or assembly separating townhouses shall be continuous from the foundation to the underside of the roof sheathing, roof deck, or roof slab.

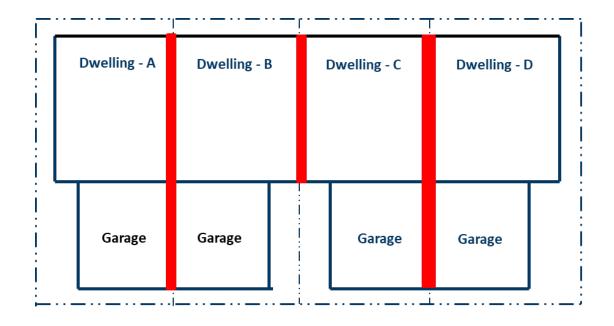


Section R302.2.3 - 2020 MRC – Page 101

R302.2.3 Continuity – cont.

The fire-resistance rating shall extend the full length of the wall or assembly,

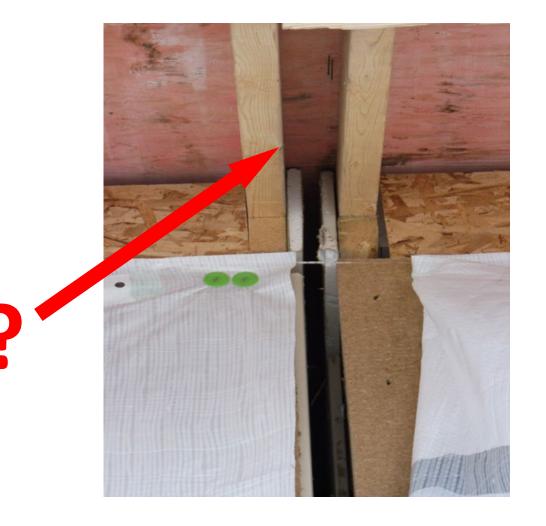
including wall extensions through and separating attached enclosed accessory structures.



R302.2.3 Continuity – cont.

The separation shall extend through enclosed soffits, overhangs, and similar projections.





CODE Sections

MRC Ch. 302 - Fire-Resistant Construction

R302.2 – Townhouses

- R302.2.1 Double Walls
- R302.2.2 Common Walls
- R302.2.3 Continuity
- R302.2.4 Parapets
- R302.2.5 Parapet Construction
- R302.2.6 Structural Independence
- R302.2.7 Sound Transmission





R302.2.4 - Parapets R302.2.5 - Parapet Construction

R302.2.4 Parapets for townhouses.

Parapets constructed in accordance with Section R302.2.5 shall be constructed for townhouses as an extension of exterior walls or common walls in accordance with the following:

- 1. Where roof surfaces adjacent to the wall or walls are at the same elevation, the parapet shall extend not less than 30 inches above the roof surfaces.
- 2. Where roof surfaces adjacent to the wall or walls are at different elevations and the higher roof is not more than 30 inches above the lower roof, the parapet shall extend not less than 30 inches above the lower roof surface.

R302.2.4 Parapets for townhouses – cont.

Exception:

A parapet is **NOT** required when the roof is covered with a minimum class C roof covering, and

The roof decking or sheathing is of noncombustible materials or approved fire-retardant-treated wood for a distance of $\frac{4 \text{ feet on each side}}{4 \text{ feet on each side}}$ of the wall or walls, or one layer of $\frac{5}{8}$ -inch type X gypsum board is installed directly beneath the roof decking or sheathing,... and

There are no openings or penetrations in the roof within 4 feet of the common walls.

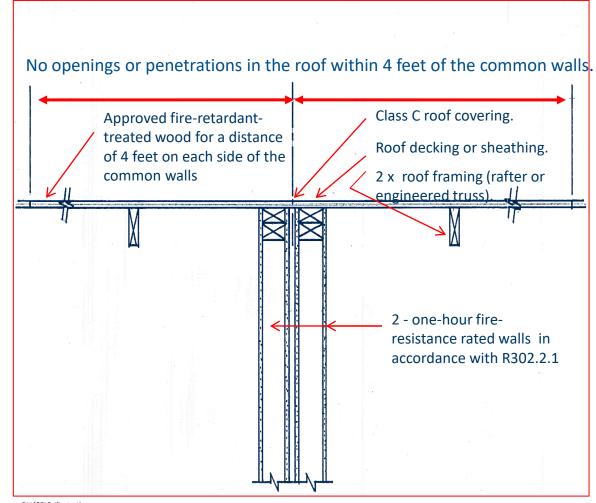
Parapets.



DLI/CCLD Photo



DLL/CCLD Photo



DLI/CCLD Illustration

R302.2.4 Parapets for townhouses – cont.

Exception:

The roof decking or sheathing is of noncombustible materials or approved fire-retardant-treated wood for a distance of <u>4 feet on each side</u> of the wall or walls



DLI/CCLD Phot

Parapets

Exception:

There are no openings or penetrations in the roof within 4 feet of the common walls.

Townhouse Separations

R302.2.5 Parapet Const.

Parapets shall have the same fireresistance rating as that required for the supporting wall or walls.....

(See this section for all language concerning parapet construction on roofs.)



DLI/CCLD image

CODE Sections

MRC Ch. 302 - Fire-Resistant Construction

R302.2 – Townhouses

- R302.2.1 Double Walls
- R302.2.2 Common Walls
- R302.2.3 Continuity
- R302.2.4 Parapets
- R302.2.5 Parapet Construction
- R302.2.6 Structural Independence
- R302.2.7 Sound Transmission



R302.2.6 – Structural Independence

R302.2.6 Structural independence.

Each individual townhouse shall be structurally independent.

Exceptions: (see all exceptions)

- Foundations supporting exterior wall or common walls.
- 2. Structural roof and wall sheathing from each unit fastened to the common wall framing
- 3. Nonstructural wall and roof coverings.

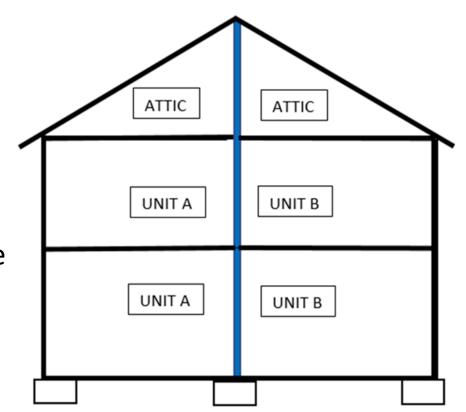


R302.2.6 Structural independence - cont.

Each individual townhouse shall be structurally independent.

Exceptions: (- continued)

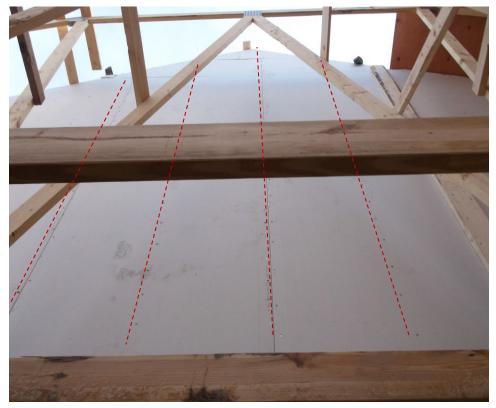
- 4. Flashing at termination of roof covering over the common wall.
- 5. Townhouses separated by a common wall as provided in Section R302.2.



Structural independence.

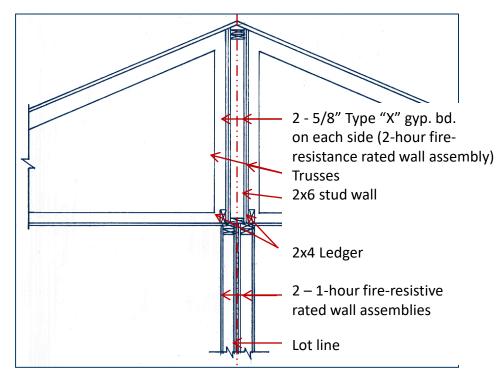


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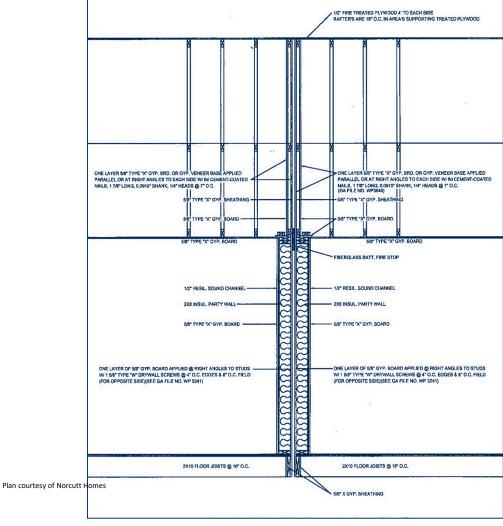


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Structural independence.

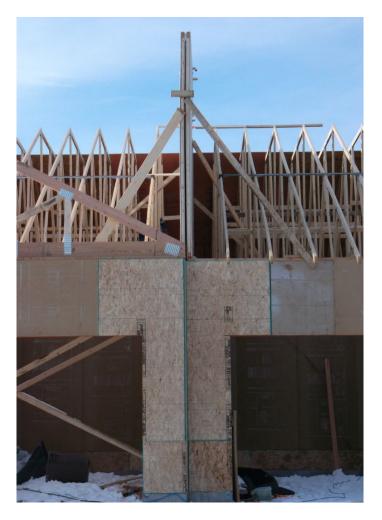


DLI/CCLD Illustration



Structural independence?





Structural independence.

BEFORE



DLI/CCLD Photo

Structural independence.

AFTER





Photo provided by D. Schoeppner

Photo provided by D. Schoeppner

Code compliance performs when everyone does their job.

CODE Sections

MRC Ch. 302 - Fire-Resistant Construction

R302.2 – Townhouses

- R302.2.1 Double Walls
- R302.2.2 Common Walls
- R302.2.3 Continuity
- R302.2.4 Parapets
- R302.2.5 Parapet Construction
- R302.2.6 Structural Independence
- R302.2.7 Sound Transmission



R302.2.7 - Sound transmission.

Townhouses constructed in accordance with Section R302.2 shall comply with the sound transmission requirements of MRC Appendix K.





R302.3.2 Two-Family Dwellings & R302.2.7 Townhouses

Sound Transmission (STC ratings)

MRC Appendix K – Sound Transmission Section AK101.1 - General.

Wall and floor-ceiling assemblies separating dwelling units, including those separating adjacent townhouse units,

shall provide <u>air-borne sound</u> insulation for walls, and

both <u>air-borne and impact sound</u> insulation for floor-ceiling assemblies.

General information.

- Air-Borne Sound (STC):
 - Sound traveling through air in a structure.
- Impact Sound (IIC):
 - Structural-borne Sound (Impact Sound):
 - The sound created when a building surface is struck by an object.
 - Sound that has traveled through a structure as vibration in solid material.

General Information

MRC Appendix K – Sound Transmission

Section AK102 – Airborne sound.

AK102.1 General

- Airborne sound insulation for wall and floor-ceiling assemblies shall meet a sound transmission class (STC) rating of 45 when tested in accordance with ASTM E90.
- Penetrations or openings in construction assemblies for piping; electrical devices; recessed cabinets; bathtubs; soffits; or heating, ventilating or exhaust ducts shall be sealed, lined, insulated or otherwise treated to maintain the required ratings.
- Dwelling unit entrance doors, which share a common space, shall be tight fitting to the frame and sill.

MRC Appendix K – Sound Transmission

Section AK102 Airborne sound.

AK102.1.1 Masonry.

The sound transmission class of concrete masonry and clay masonry assemblies shall be calculated in accordance with TMS 0302 or determined through testing in accordance with ASTM E90.

MRC Appendix K – Sound Transmission

<u>Section AK103 – Structural-borne sound.</u>

AK103.1 General.

Floor/ceiling assemblies between *dwelling units*, or between a *dwelling unit* and a public or service area within a structure, shall have an impact insulation class (IIC) rating of not less than 45 when tested in accordance with ASTM E492.

General information.

STC = Sound Transmission Class rating

IIC = Impact Insulation Class rating

Minimum Air-borne sound and Structural-borne sound = 45

<u>STC</u>	People Reaction Measurement
If the STC = 35	Clearly hear conversation
If the STC = 45	Conversation is muddled
If the STC = 55	Won't hear conversation; but will still hear loud sounds such as raised voices, bass music, or television.

101

General information.

Air is the basic medium for sound transmission

Close off air leak paths allowing noise to go through or around the system using an acoustic sealant

A 1/4" perimeter crack surrounding a 96 sq. ft. wall represents an approximate 1 sq. ft. hole.

General Information

General information.

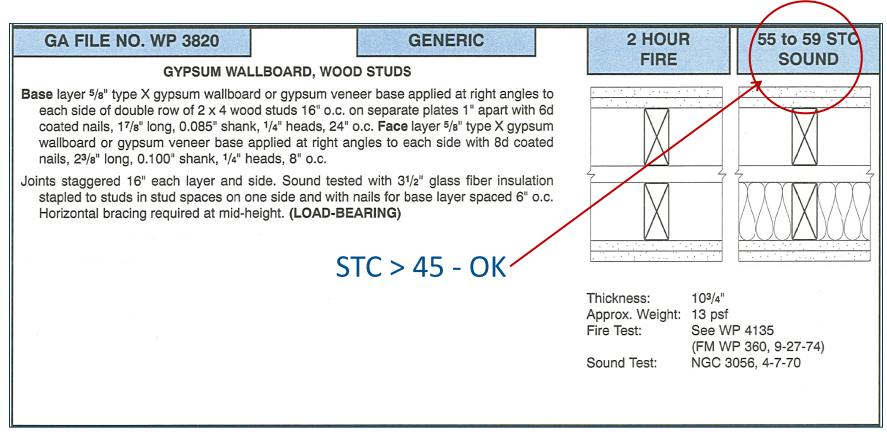
Resource to verify STC ratings



GA-600 Fire Resistive Design Manual

GA-600-2018 General Information

103



GA-600-2003 Fire Resistive Design Manual

See item 9

General information.

UL assembly U305

Design No. **U305** February 3, 2023

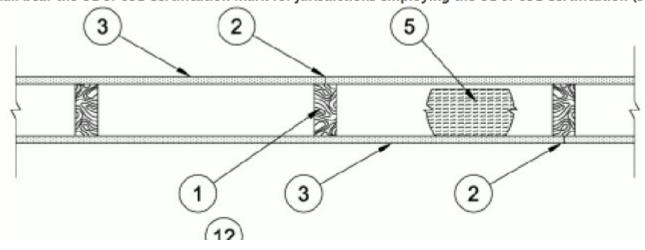
Bearing Wall Rating — 1 Hr

Finish Rating — See Items 3, 3A, 3D, 3E, 3F, 3G, 3H, 3J arm 3L.

STC Rating - 56 (See Item 9)

method other than the Limit States Design Method (e.g., Working Stress Design Method). For jurisdictions employing the Limit Strestriction factor shall be used — See Guide BXUV or BXUV7

ich products shall bear the UL or cUL Certification Mark for jurisdictions employing the UL or cUL Certification (such as Canada), i

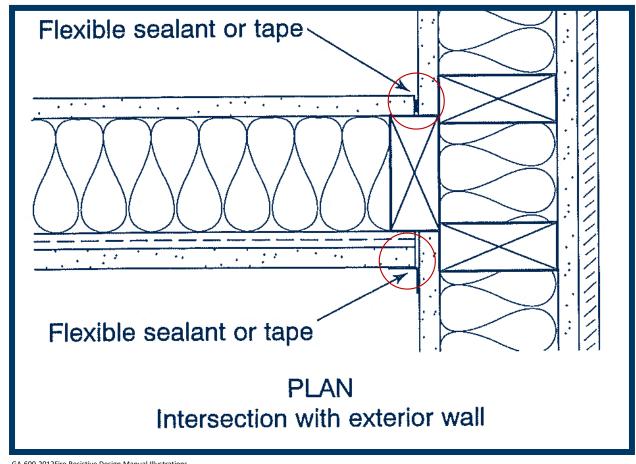


General information.

UL Design No. U305 - cont.

- 9. STC Rating The STC Rating of the wall assembly is 56 when it is constructed as described by Items 1 through 6, except:
- A. Item 2, above Nail heads Shall be covered with joint compound.
- B. Item 2, above Joints As described, shall be covered with fiber tape and joint compound.
- C. Item 5, above Batts and Blankets* The cavities formed by the studs shall be friction fit with R-19 unfaced fiberglass insulation batts measuring 6-1/4 in. thick and 15-1/4 in. wide.
- D. Item 6, above Steel Framing Members* Type RSIC-1 clips shall be used to attach gypsum board to studs on either side of the wall assembly.
- E. Item 8, above Caulking and Sealants (Not Shown) A bead of acoustical sealant shall be applied around the partition perimeter for sound control.
- F. Steel Corner Fasteners (Item 4), Fiber, Sprayed (Items 5A and 5B) and Steel Framing Members (Item 6A), not evaluated as alternatives for obtaining STC rating.

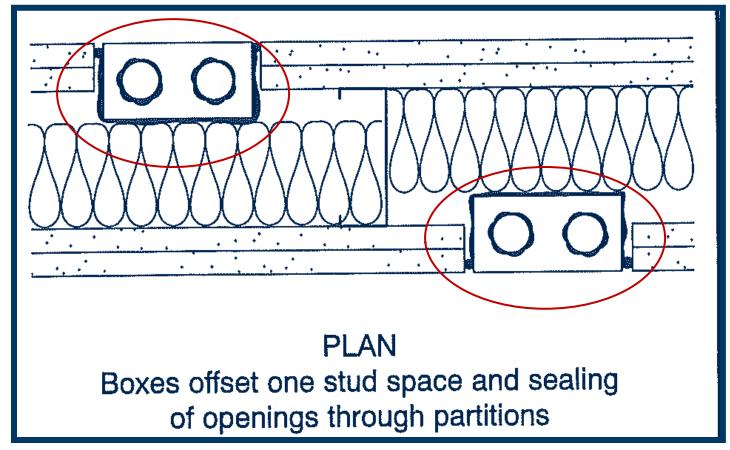
General information.



GA-600-2012Fire Resistive Design Manual Illustrations

106 GA-600-2018General information

General information.



GA-600-2012 Fire Resistive Design Manual Illustrations

Exercise/Discussion

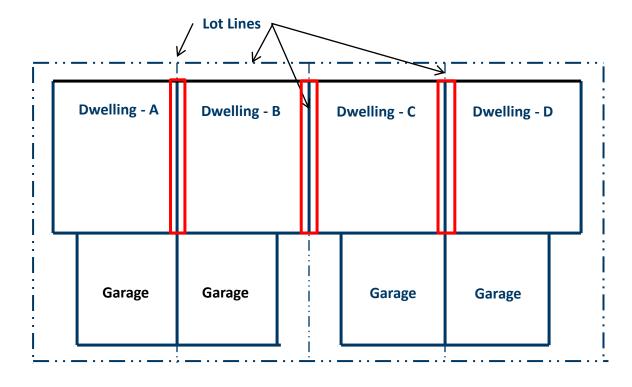
Townhouses

Sound transmission.

Exercise/Discussion

Which walls will require a sound transmission rating?

Why?





½-hour?

1-hour?

2-hour?

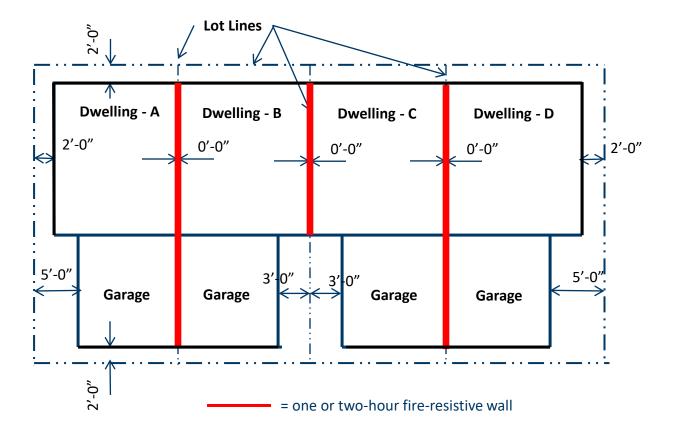
Fire Resistance Ratings

Exercise/Discussion

Townhouses

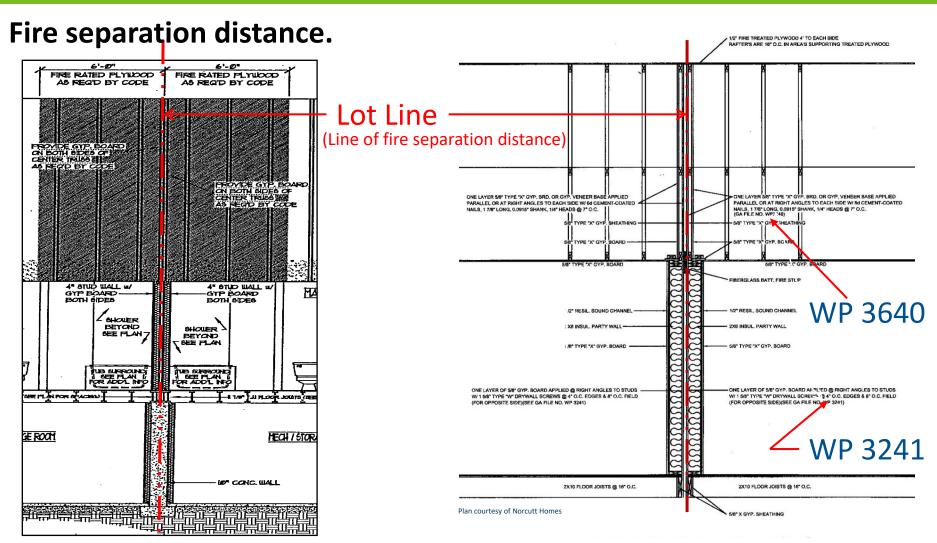
Fire Resistive Ratings.

Which walls will require a fire-resistive rating? Why?



Section R302.2 - 2020 MRC – Page 100

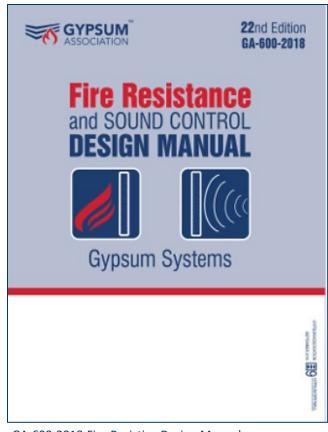
Townhouses



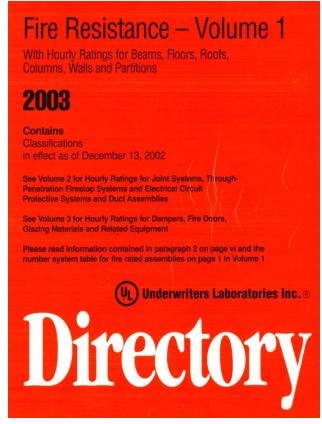
Plan courtesy of Norcutt Homes

Program Materials

Resources to verify fire-resistance ratings



GA-600-2018 Fire Resistive Design Manual



Underwriters Laboratories Fire Resistance standard

www.ul.com/productspec

Program Materials

Resources to verify fire-resistance ratings

Testing agencies:

- Gypsum Association (GA)
- UL

Product manufacturers:

- APA Engineered wood
- Georgia Pacific
- National Gypsum Association
- USG
- Gold Bond

Program Materials – GA-600 Notes

GENERAL EXPLANATORY NOTES

6. Unless otherwise specified, the face layers of all systems, except those with predecorated or metal covered surfaces, shall have joints taped (minimum Level 1 as specified in GA-214, Recommended Levels of Gypsum Board Finish) and fastener heads treated. Base layers in multilayer systems shall not be required to have joints or fasteners taped or covered with joint compound.



10/23/2024 114

Program Materials – GA-600 Notes

GENERAL EXPLANATORY NOTES

- 7. When a fire-resistance rated partition extends above the ceiling, the gypsum board joints occurring above the ceiling need not be taped and fasteners need not be covered when <u>all</u> of the following conditions are met.
 - a. The ceiling is part of a fire-resistance rated floor-ceiling or roof-ceiling system;
 - b. All vertical joints occur over framing members;



10/23/2024 115

Program Materials – GA-600 Notes

GENERAL EXPLANATORY NOTES

7-cont.

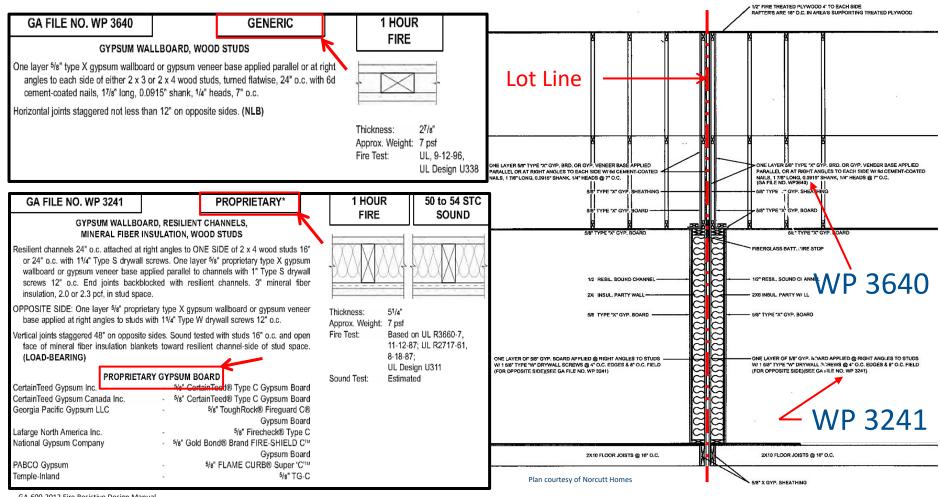
c. Horizontal joints are either staggered 24" o.c. on opposite sides of the partition, or are covered with strips of gypsum board not less than 6" wide; or the partition is a two-layer system with joints staggered 16" or 24" o.c.; and...

FIRE Resistance and SOUND Control DESIGN MANUAL

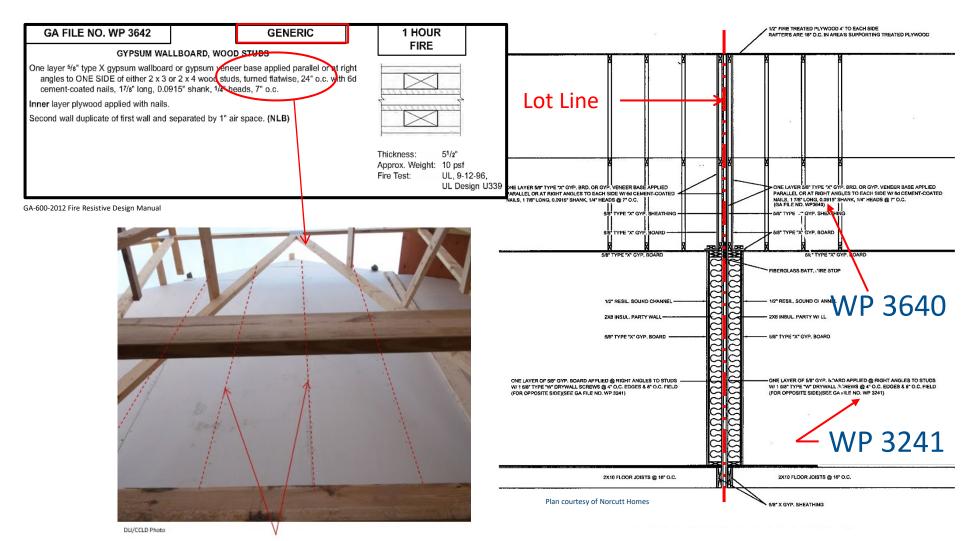
Gypsum Systems

(See full explanatory text)

10/23/2024 116



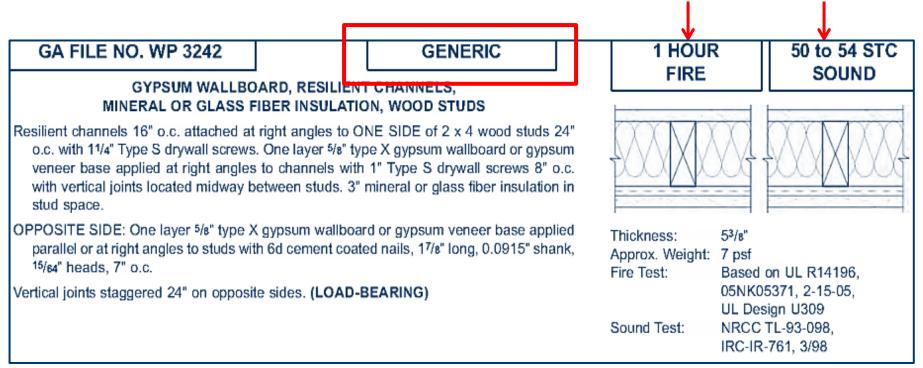
GA-600-2012 Fire Resistive Design Manual



118

R302.2 Townhouses. (Cont.)

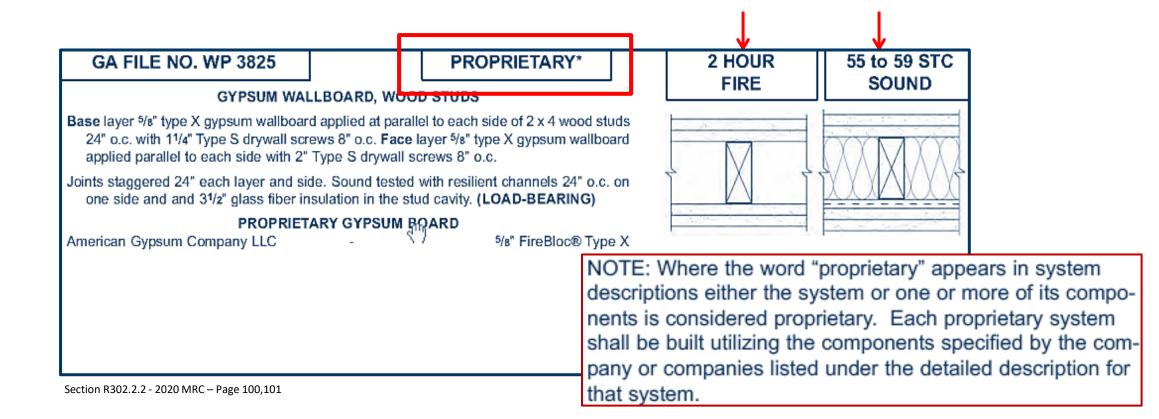
R302.2.2 (1.) (sprinkler) A common 1-hour fire-resistance-rated wall...



Section R302.2.2 - 2020 MRC – Page 100,101

R302.2 Townhouses. (Cont.)

R302.2.2 (2) (NON Sprinkler) A common 2-hour fire-resistance-rated wall...



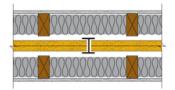
R302.2 Townhouses. (Cont.)

R302.2.2 (2) (NON Sprinkler) A common 2-hour fire-resistance-rated

wall...

AREA SEPARATION WALL

Two layers 1" (25.4 mm) ToughRock Shaftliner or DensGlass® Shaftliner inserted in H-Studs 24" (610 mm) o.c. Min. 3/4" (19 mm) air space on both sides must be maintained between liner panels and adjacent framing. Sound Tested with 2"x 4" stud wall with 1/2" (12.7 mm) ToughRock® Fireguard C gypsum wallboard or DensArmor Plus® Fireguard C panels each side of assembly and 3-1/2" (89 mm) fiberglass insulation in stud space both sides. Breakaway clip facings and height of wall differ between UL Design U373 and WHI GP/WA 120-04. Please consult each listing for specific information.



Hourly Rating: 2-hour

STC Rating: 65-69 STC

Fire Test Reference: UL U373, ULC W312, WHI GP/WA 120-04, cUL U373, GA ASW 0810

Sound Test Reference: RAL TL10-291

Approved for Assembly:

DensGlass® Shaftliner Panel

ToughRock Shaftliner

DensArmor Plus Fireguard C

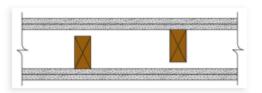
ToughRock Fireguard C



R302.2 Townhouses. (Cont.)

R302.2.2 (2) (NON Sprinkler) A common 2-hour fire-resistance-rated





Hourly Rating: 2-hour

STC Rating: 45-49 STC

Fire Test Reference: GA WP 3910

Sound Test Reference: NOAL 17-0853, 8-30-17, NOAL 17-0854, 8-30-17

Wood-Framed Wall

Base Layer: 5/8" (15.9 mm) ToughRock® Fireguard X® or 5/8" (15.9 mm) DensArmor Plus® Fireguard® gypsum panels applied horizontally to each side of 2" x 4" wood studs 16" (406 mm) o.c. staggered 8" (203 mm) o.c. on 2"x 6" wood plates with 2" Type W screws 24" (610 mm) o.c. Face Layer: 5/8" (15.9 mm) ToughRock® Fireguard X® or 5/8" (15.9 mm) DensArmor Plus Fireguard gypsum panels applied horizontally to studs with 2-1/2" Type W Screws 8" (203 mm) o.c. Stagger vertical joints 16" (406 mm) o.c. each layer and side. Horizontal bracing required at mid height. Load Bearing

Approved for Assembly:

DensArmor Plus® Fireguard C® Products,DensArmor Plus® Fireguard® Products,DensElement® Barrier Sheathing,DensGlass® Fireguard® Sheathing,DensShield® Fireguard® Tile Backer,ToughRock® Fireguard C® Products,ToughRock® Fireguard X® Mold-Guard™ Products,ToughRock® Fireguard X® Products,ToughRock® Lite-Weight Fire-Rated Products (Meets Fire Rating but not included in Sound Testing)



Back to the CODE Sections

MRC Ch. 302 - Fire-Resistant Construction

R302.1 – Exterior walls

R302.2 – Townhouses

R302.3 Two-Family Dwellings

MRC Appendix K – Sound Transmission

R302.4 - Dwelling Unit Rated Penetrations (for Townhouses & 2-Family dwellings)

- R302.4.1 Through Penetrations
- R302.4.2 Membrane Penetrations



R302.4 – Dwelling Unit Rated Penetrations

MRC Ch. 302 - Fire-Resistant Construction

R302.4 - Dwelling unit rated penetrations.

Penetrations of wall or floor/ceiling assemblies required to be fire-resistance rated in accordance with Section R302.2 or R302.3 shall be protected in accordance with this section.

(R302.2 Townhouses)

(R302.3 Two-Family Dwellings)

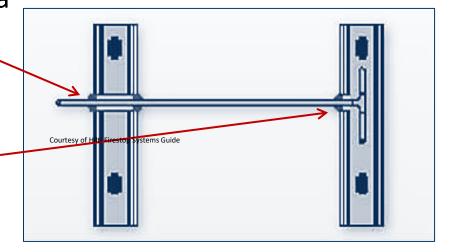
Section R302.4 - 20**20** MRC – Page 102

R302.4 - Dwelling unit rated penetrations — cont.

There are two types of penetrations to be considered:

R302.4.1 - A through penetration passes entirely through a fire-resistance rated assembly.

R302.4.2 - A membrane penetration passes through one-side of fire-resistance rated assembly.



General Information 126

127

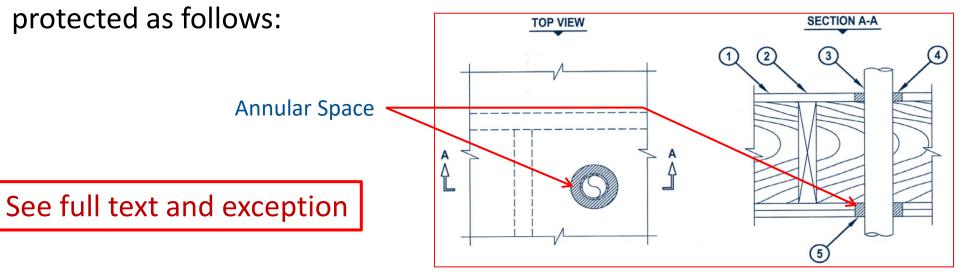
R302.4.1- Through penetrations.

Through penetrations of fire-resistance-rated wall or floor assemblies shall comply with Section R302.4.1.1 or R302.4.1.2.

Exception: 2. Where the penetrating items are steel, ferrous or

copper pipes, tubes or conduits, the <u>annular space</u> shall be

protected as follows:



Section R302.4.1 - 2020 MRC - Page 102

R302.4.1- Through penetrations.

Through penetrations of fire-resistance-rated wall or floor assemblies shall comply with Section R302.4.1.1 or R302.4.1.2.

See the exceptions.

R302.4.1.1 – Fire-resistive rated assembly

Penetrations shall be installed as tested in the approved fire-rated assembly.

R302.4.1.2 – Penetration firestop system

Penetrations shall be protected by an *approved* penetration firestop system installed as tested in accordance with ASTM E814 or UL 1479, with a positive pressure differential of not less than 0.01 inch of water (3 Pa) and shall have an F rating of not less than the required fire-resistance rating of the wall or floor-ceiling assembly penetrated.

Section R302.4.1 - 2020 MRC – Page 102

R302.4.2 – Membrane penetrations.

Membrane Penetrations shall comply with Section R302.4.1.

Where walls are required to have a fire-resistance rating, recessed fixtures shall be installed so that the required fire-resistance rating will not be reduced.

(See this section for Exceptions:

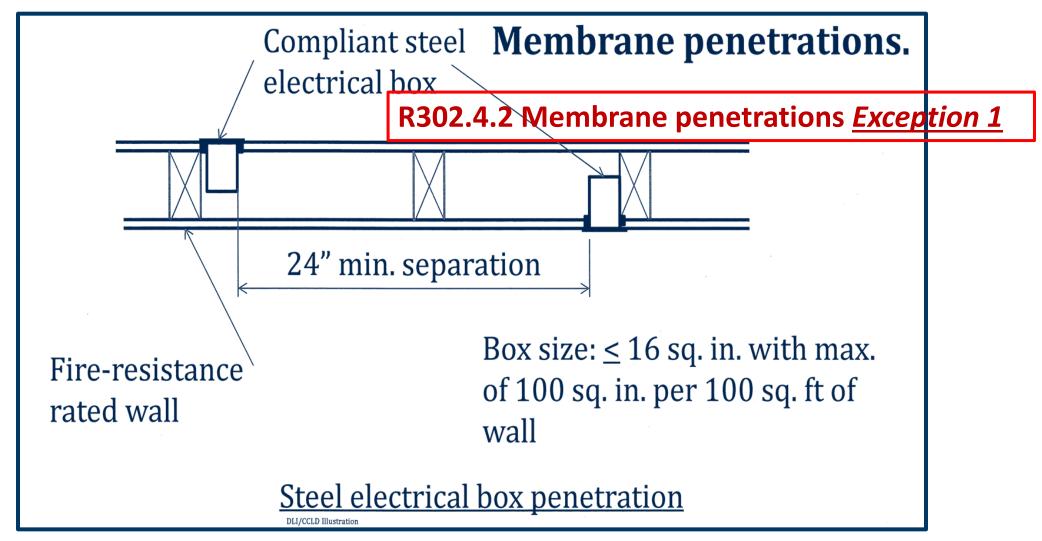
Exp. 1 – Steel Electrical boxes

Exp. 2 – Listed electrical boxes

Exp. 3 – Fire sprinkler annular space

Exp. 4 – Ceiling membrane penetrations

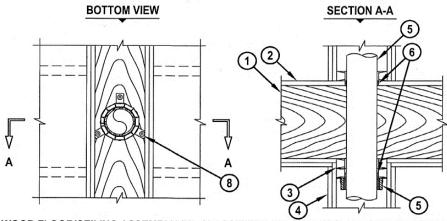
Section R302.4 - 20**20** MRC – Page 102



UL SYSTEM NO. F-C-2030

PLASTIC PIPE THROUGH WOOD FLOOR/CEILING ASSEMBLY

F-RATING = 1-HR. OR 2-HR. T-RATING = 0-HR., 3/4-HR., 1-HR., 1-1/2-HR. OR 2-HR.



- 1. WOOD FLOOR/CEILING ASSEMBLY (UL CLASSIFIED L500 SERIES) (1-HR. OR 2-HR. FIRE-RATING) (2-HR. SHOWN).
- LUMBER OR PLYWOOD SUBFLOOR WITH FINISH FLOOR OF LUMBER, PLYWOOD, OR FLOOR TOPPING MIXTURE.
- 3. WOOD TOP PLATE.
- 4. GYPSUM WALL ASSEMBLY (1-HR. OR 2-HR. FIRE-RATING) (2-HR. SHOWN).
- 5. PENETRATING ITEM TO BE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING (ALSO SEE NOTE NO. 2 BELOW):
 - A. MAXIMUM 4" NOMINAL DIAMETER PVC PLASTIC PIPE (CELLULAR AND SOLID CORE).
 - B. MAXIMUM 4" NOMINAL DIAMETER ABS PLASTIC PIPE (CELLULAR AND SOLID CORE).
 - C. MAXIMUM 4" NOMINAL DIAMETER FRPP PLASTIC PIPE.
 - D. MAXIMUM 4" NOMINAL DIAMETER CPVC PLASTIC PIPE.
- 6. HILTI FS-ONE INTUMESCENT FIRESTOP SEALANT INSTALLED TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT POSSIBLE.
- 7. HILTI CP 643N FIRESTOP COLLAR WITH FASTENING HOOKS (SEE TABLE BELOW).
- 8. 3/4" WOOD SCREWS AND WASHERS TO ATTACH EACH FASTENING HOOK.

NOMINAL PIPE DIAMETER	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	NO. OF FASTENING HOOKS	MAXIMUM HOLE SIZE
1-1/2"	CP 643 50/1.5" N	2	2-1/2"
2"	CP 643 63/2" N	2	2-5/8"
3"	CP 643 90/3" N	3	4"
4"	CP 643 110/4" N	3	5"

NOTES: 1. ANNULAR SPACE = MINIMUM 0", MAXIMUM 1/2".

2. CLOSED OR VENTED PIPING SYSTEM. (PVC, ABS, FRPP=SCHEDULE 40, CPVC=SDR 17).

Dwelling unit rated penetrations



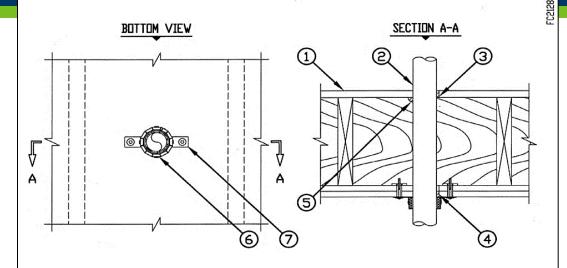
Hilti Firestop Systems Guide

DLI/CCLD Photo

UL SYSTEM ND, F-C-2128

PLASTIC PIPE THROUGH 1-HR. OR 2-HR. WOOD FLOOR/CEILING ASSEMBLY

F-RATING = 1-HR. DR 2-HR. T-RATING = 1-HR. DR 2-HR.



- 1. WOOD FLOOR/CEILING ASSEMBLY (UL CLASSIFIED L500 SERIES) (1-HR. DR 2-HR. FIRE-RATING) (2-HR. SHOWN).
- 2. PENETRATING ITEM TO BE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING (SEE NOTE NO. 3 BELOW) :
 - A. MAXIMUM 2' NOMINAL DIAMETER PVC PLASTIC PIPE (CELLULAR AND SOLID CORE).
 - B. MAXIMUM 2' NOMINAL DIAMETER ABS PLASTIC PIPE (CELLULAR AND SOLID CORE).
 - C. MAXIMUM 2' NOMINAL DIAMETER CPVC PLASTIC PIPE.
- 3. MINIMUM 3/4" DEPTH OF HILTI FS-ONE INTUMESCENT FIRESTOP SEALANT.
- 4. MINIMUM 5/8' DEPTH HILTI FS-ONE INTUMESCENT FIRESTOP SEALANT.
- 5. MINIMUM 1/2' BEAD OF HILTI FS-ONE INTUMESCENT FIRESTOP SEALANT AT POINT OF CONTACT.
- 6. HILTI CP 643N FIRESTOP COLLAR WITH FASTENING HOOKS.
- 7. HILTI 3/16' TOGGLER BOLTS TO ATTACH EACH FASTENING HOOK TO FLOOR/CEILING ASSEMBLY.

NDTES : 1. MAXIMUM DIAMETER OF OPENING = 3".

- 2. ANNULAR SPACE = MINIMUM 0", MAXIMUM 5/8".
- 3. CLOSED OR VENTED PIPING SYSTEM. (PVC & ABS = SCHEDULE 40, CPVC = SDR 17).
- 4. CHASE WALL (NOT SHOWN, OPTIONAL) THE THROUGH PENETRANT MAY BE ROUTED THROUGH A 1-HR, OR 2-HR, FIRE-RATED GYPSUM CHASE WALL.

Hilti Firestop Systems Guide

Dwelling unit rated penetrations

UL SYSTEM NO. F-C-2203

CLOSET FLANGE IN 1-HR. WOOD FLOOR/CEILING ASSEMBLY

F-RATING = 1-HR. T-RATING = 1/2-HR.

23 4 5

- 1. WOOD FLOOR/CEILING ASSEMBLY (UL CLASSIFIED L500 SERIES) (1-HR. FIRE-RATING).
- 2. DRAIN PIPING AND 90° ELBOW TO BE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
 - A. NOMINAL 4" DIAMETER PVC PLASTIC PIPE (SCHEDULE 40).
 - B. NOMINAL 4" DIAMETER ABS PLASTIC PIPE (SCHEDULE 40).
- 3. PVC OR ABS CLOSET FLANGE SIZED TO ACCOMMODATE DRAIN PIPE. CLOSET FLANGE SECURED TO PLYWOOD SUBFLOOR WITH STEEL SCREWS.
- 4. (NOT SHOWN). FLOOR MOUNTED VITREOUS CHINA WATER CLOSET.
- 5. MINIMUM 3/4" DEPTH HILTI FS-ONE INTUMESCENT FIRESTOP SEALANT.

NOTE : DIAMETER OF OPENING TO BE MAXIMUM 1/2" LARGER THAN OUTSIDE DIAMETER OF CLOSET FLANGE.

CODE Sections

M N	MRC Ch. 313 – Automatic Fire Sprinkler Systems
M N	R313.1 – Townhouse Sprinklers
M N M	R313.2 – One and Two-Family Dwellings
N M	R313.3 – Installation Requirements
N M	R313.4 – State Licensed Facilities
N M N	



Two-Family Dwellings & Townhouses

SPRINKLERS?

Townhouse – Fire Sprinklers

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MRC Ch. 313 – Automatic Fire Sprinkler Systems

R313.1 - Townhouse automatic fire sprinkler systems

An automatic fire sprinkler system shall be installed in townhouses.

Exceptions:

- An automatic residential fire sprinkler system shall <u>NOT</u> be required to be installed in a <u>two-unit</u> townhouse, unless required by Section R313.4. (State-licensed facilities)
- 2. An automatic residential fire sprinkler system shall not be required when additions or alterations are made to existing townhouses that do not have an automatic residential fire sprinkler system installed.

Townhouses

Effective Monday, June 5, 2017, MR 1309.0313 was amended and published in the State Register establishing that one- and two-family dwellings, or two-unit townhouses, shall NOT be required to have automatic fire sprinkler systems under the 2015 MN Residential Code (remains in effect for 2020 MRC)

Exercise/Discussion 136

Townhouse – Fire Sprinklers

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MRC Ch. 313 – Automatic Fire Sprinkler Systems

R313.1 Townhouse automatic fire sprinkler systems

R313.1.1 Design and installation.

Automatic residential fire sprinkler systems for *townhouses* shall be designed and installed in accordance with IRC Section P2904 or NFPA 13D.

Two-Family dwelling – Fire Sprinklers

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MRC Ch. 313 – Automatic Fire Sprinkler Systems

R313.2 One- and two-family dwellings automatic fire systems.

An automatic residential fire sprinkler system shall **not** be required to be installed in one- and two-family *dwellings*, unless required by Section R313.4. (State Licensed)

R313.2.1 Design and installation.

Automatic residential fire sprinkler systems shall be designed and installed in accordance with IRC Section P2904 or NFPA 13D.

Fire Sprinklers

MRC Ch. 313 – Automatic Fire Sprinkler Systems

R313.3 Installation requirements

When an automatic sprinkler system is required in two-family dwellings, it shall be installed in accordance with IRC Section P2904 or NFPA 13D.

Automatic sprinkler systems required in two-family dwellings and townhouse buildings shall be installed in accordance with the following:

1. Attached garages are required to have one dry head sprinkler located within 5 lineal feet of each door installed in the common wall separating the dwelling unit and the attached garage;

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MRC Ch. 313 – Automatic Fire Sprinkler Systems

R313.3 Installation requirements – cont.

2. Attached covered patios, covered decks, covered porches, and similar structures are required to have automatic sprinklers with a minimum of one dry head for every 20 lineal feet of common wall between the dwelling unit and the covered patio, covered deck, covered porch, or similar structure.

Exception:

Attached roofs of covered patios, covered decks, covered porches, or similar structures that do not exceed 40 square feet of floor area.

Automatic fire sprinklers

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MRC Ch. 313 – Automatic Fire Sprinkler Systems

R313.4 State Licensed Facilities

One- and two-family dwellings and townhouse buildings containing facilities required to be licensed or registered by the state of Minnesota

Shall be provided with an automatic sprinkler system required by the applicable licensing provisions of that agency or according to this part, whichever is more restrictive.

141

Automatic fire sprinklers

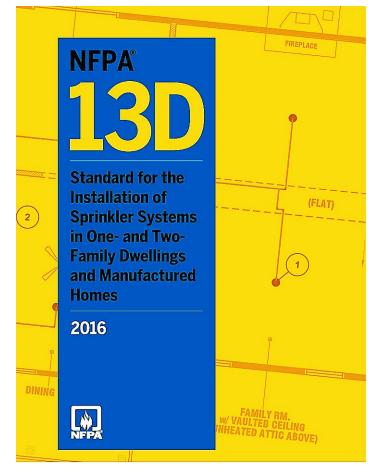
General information.

NFPA 13D or Section P2904

Standard for the installation of sprinkler systems in One- and two-family dwellings, and townhouses.

Designed for life safety only.

Typically, the same water supply as domestic.



NFPA 13D Standard

Automatic fire sprinklers

IRC-1 Single-family dwellings

Fire sprinklers not required unless by R313.4



IRC-3 Townhouses (two unit)

Fire sprinklers not required unless by R313.4

IRC-3 Townhouses (three or more)
Fire sprinklers required









143





Q&A

