

Allied Valve Pressure Relief Valve Presentation

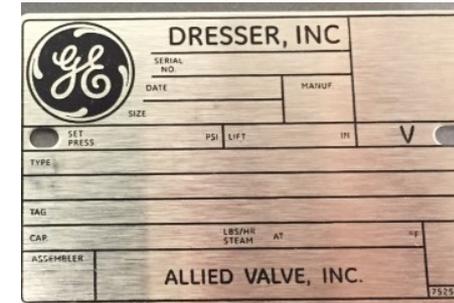
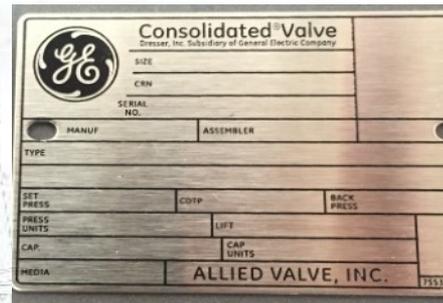
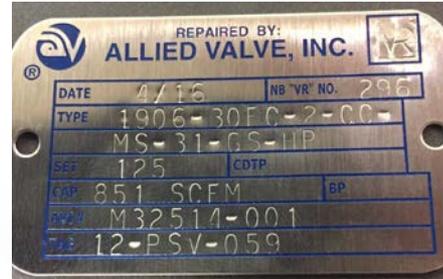
For the State of Minnesota
Boiler Inspectors

Discussion Topics

1. Tagging
2. Codes-Standards-Testing Options
3. Replacement Options
4. Documentation, OSHA 1910.119
5. Common Concerns

Tags Used

- Hand Lift
- Functionality Test Only
- VR Repair
- New Sec 1 (V) or Sec 8 (UV)
- Duplicate Tag
- Tested By Tag



ASME CODE

Single Valve Application - Set at or below MAWP

OVERPRESSURE

- **Section 1** - The pressure cannot rise more than 6% above MAWP (ASME Sec 1 PG-67.2 1998)
- **Section 8** – The pressure cannot rise more than 10% or 3 psi, whichever is greater above MAWP (ASME Sec 8 UG-125 (c) 1998)

Multiple Valve Application - First valve set at or below MAWP

OVERPRESSURE

- **Section 1** - Pressure cannot rise more than 6% above MAWP (ASME Sec 1 PG-67.2 1998)
- **Section 8** - Pressure cannot rise more than 16% or 4 psi, whichever is greater above the MAWP (ASME Sec 8 UG-125 (c) 1998)

whichever is

Coded Valves

Section I (V) Stamped

1. Used in all boiler applications (LB/HR)
2. Can be used off a boiler if capacity is carried

Section VIII (UV) Stamped

1. Off boiler application for steam, air/gas, liquid applications (LB/HR, SCFM, GPM)
2. Valves on liquid over 140F must have a lifting lever*
3. Cannot be used on a boiler

Section IV (HV) Stamped

1. Low pressure steam and hot water boilers (expressed in LB/HR or BTU/h)
2. Can hand lift with 75% of set pressure under valve

Non-Code Stamped

1. Used for overpressure protection on tanks, pump lines and hydraulic systems in a non-coded application

Set Pressure Tolerances

ASME CODE TOLERANCES

| CODE SECTION | SET PRESSURE (PSIG) | SET PRESSURE TOLERANCE | MAXIMUM BLOWDOWN | OVERPRESSURE |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|--|---------------|
| POWER BOILER SECTION I CODE STAMP {V} | 15 - 70 | +/- 2 PSIG | (UP TO 67 PSIG) = 4 PSI | 2 PSIG |
| | 71 - 100 | +/- 3% | (67 PSIG TO/AND 250 PSIG) = 6% OF SET | 3% |
| | 101 - 300 | +/- 3% | (OVER 250 UP TO 375) = 15 PSI | 3% |
| | 301 - 1000 | +/- 10 PSIG | (375 AND ABOVE) = 4% | 3% |
| | 1001 AND ABOVE | +/- 1% | 4% <i>* Minimum Blowdown: 2% or 2 PSI, whichever is greater</i> | 3% |
| HEATING BOILER SECTION IV CODE STAMP {HV} | 15 PSIG STEAM | | | |
| | 15 | +/- 2 PSIG | 2 - 4 PSIG | UP TO 20 PSIG |
| | HOT WATER | | | |
| | 15 - 60 | +/- 3 PSIG | N / A | 10% |
| | 61 - 160 | +/- 5% | N / A | 10% |
| UNFIRED PRESSURE VESSEL SECTION VIII CODE STAMP {UV} | 15 - 30 | +/- 2 PSIG | N / A | 3 PSIG |
| | 31 - 70 | +/- 2 PSIG | N / A | 10% |
| | 71 - 3000 | +/-3% | N / A | 10% |

Testing Frequencies

NBIC Recommendations - Periodic inspection and maintenance of these important safety devices is critical to ensure their continued functioning and to provide assurance they will be available when called upon to operate.

API 510 – Pressure relief valves shall be tested at intervals necessary to verify their reliable performance.

OSHA 1910.119 – The frequencies of inspections and tests of process equipment shall be consistent with applicable manufacturers' recommendations and good engineering practices, and more frequently if determined to be necessary by prior operating experiences.

(51%) – What does this mean?

NBIC Guidelines for Testing

Steam

Testing: Boiler, Pressure Vessels and Piping...Annually
Inspection/VR Repair: Not noted

Air and Clean Dry Gases

Testing: Pressure Vessels and Piping...3 years
Inspection/VR Repair: Not noted

Valve with Rupture Disk

Testing: 5 years

Propane, Refrigerant

Testing: 5 years
Inspection/Repair: Not noted

All others

Per inspection history

Gauge Calibration

Per NBIC Parts 2, 2.2.10.4 & 2.4.8.1

The owner is required to inspect their PMD's (gauges). No specific guideline is given; this may be controlled by local jurisdiction.

We strongly suggest using the valve testing frequencies in the NBIC Part 2, 2.5.8 of 1 to 3 years as a guideline for PMD calibration.

NBIC Testing Electronic Valve Testing Requirements Gauge Calibration



ALLIED VALVE, INC.



To: Allied Valve, Inc Pressure Relief Device Customer

RE: Verification or Calibration of customer gauges. Revision 0

The National Board Inspection Code "VR" program requires any gauge being used for testing to fall into the scope of calibration requirements of our Quality Control program. This includes the use of customer gauges.

To maintain a valve's ASME & or NBIC VR status, when a valve is tested on site, the pressure reading device must be verified or calibrated to be in calibration and documented.

Where ever possible, a *gauge tap, see note*, near the valve to be tested is preferable. With this Allied technicians can use Allied certified gauges or transducers to get pressure readings. This will save time, assure NBIC compliance and guarantee accuracy of tests.

Where there is no gauge tap available, the pressure reading must be supplied by the customer. We must have *evidence of calibration* supplied to the technician of either a verification or calibration sticker on the gauge or pressure readout which indicates regular verification or calibration or a copy of a recent shown to the technician. Pressure reading instruments must be of an accuracy of at least .25% as stated in ASME P1C19.2. Timeline of performing a verification check or calibration should be at least as good as the customer required testing of the pressure relief device or The National Board recommendations listed in NBIC 2.5.8., whichever is shorter. Best if done before valve testing is performed to eliminate problems stemming from non conforming instruments. The Allied technician will record the gauge ID and verification cannot be certified as accurate or warranted as such. Tests performed without qualified pressure reading verification or calibration date on his test report.

Assault Managers and technicians will be glad to assist customer personnel to set up a way to accomplish this. It is strongly suggested that the customer should confirm qualified pressure reading before our technicians arrive on-site to eliminate delays before the testing.

The technicians will get together with your contact at the plant prior to testing to set up the proper method to acquire the data required.

Note: Gauge tap would be of 1/2" npt min., 3/8" npt preferred size with double shutoff and a bleed valve between the 2 shutoff valves. If possible a siphon capable of pressure and temperature can also be installed. Must be accessible for technician to install his gauge.

Steve Hamby
Allied Valve, Inc.
QC Manager

Offices in:

Chicago, IL 1019 W. Grand Ave. 6062
Appleton, WI 3301 E. Evergreen Dr.
Riversdale, IA 4419 State Street 52722
Cameron Falls, MN 6291 318th St. Way 55109
Portage, IN 6575 Daniel Burnham Dr. 46368
Bismarck, ND 1751 93rd St. N.W. 58501

800-827-1197 Fax: 312-226-1197
920-832-9778 Fax: 920-832-9798
563-359-8100 Fax: 563-359-0857
507-263-2251 Fax: 866-929-3719
219-764-3010 Fax: 219-764-3084
701-214-5502 Fax: 701-547-7856

Valve Testing Options

Shop - Valves will be live tested on media they will see in the field (steam - lb/hr, air – scfm, liquid - gpm) on a certified shop test stand. Super heat correction factor will be used for higher temp super heated steam valves.

Field - Electronic Testing Device (50% -85% operating pressure required) can be used, per National Board, on larger flanged valves on Stm/Air

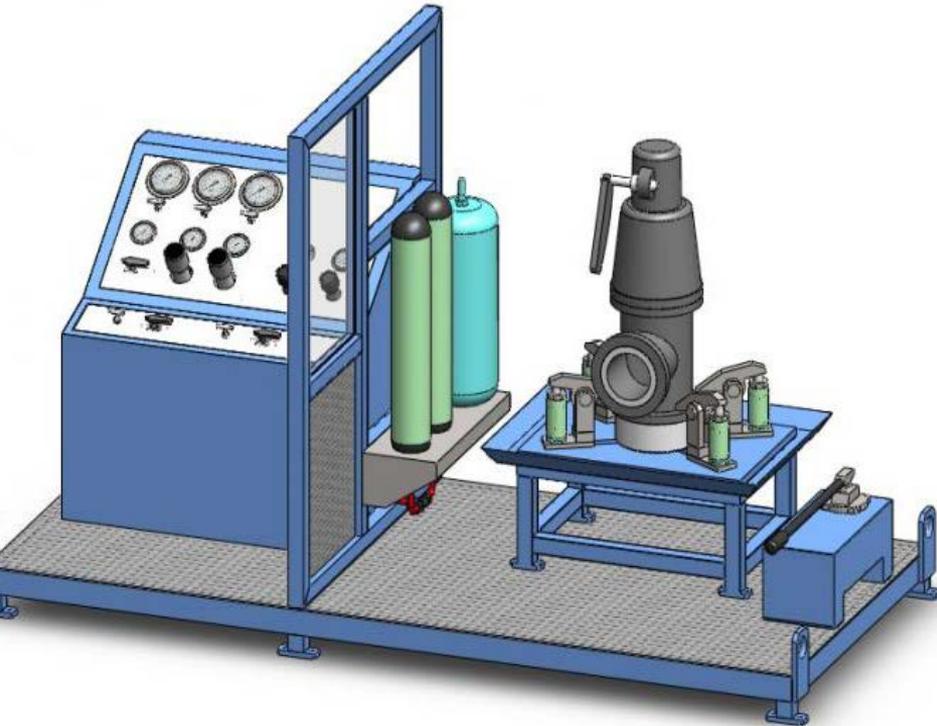
1. Gauge verification
2. Confirmed operating pressure
3. Tested to within allowed code tolerances
4. Test only tag secured to cap of PRV

Hand Lift – Smaller portable valves

1. Must have 75% of operating pressure versus nameplate set pressure

Functionality Test Only – EVT or hand lift only because of lack of gauge port or calibration records by customer. Functionality test stamped on valve sheet.

In-Shop Testing



- Test vessels and gauges are certified by the National Board
- Gauges are calibrated every three months
- Valves are tested in accordance with ASME guidelines
- Gauges used are Grade 3A or 4A +/- .25% accuracy as stated in ASME PTC19.2

Electronic Valve Testing (EVT)

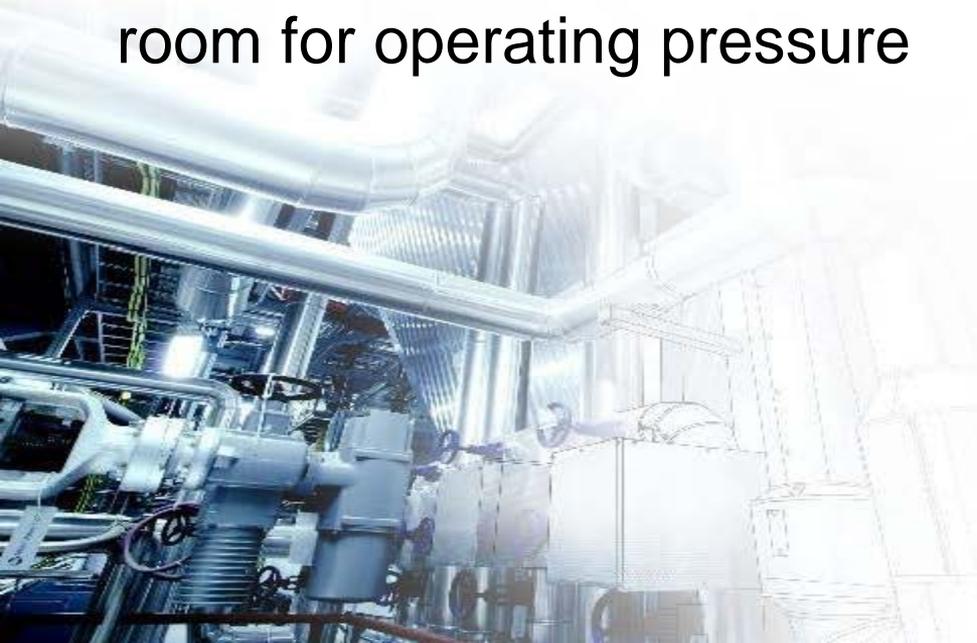
Used for testing safety valves while boiler is running to verify set pressure.

Needed to insure proper set:

- **Accurate inlet pressure**
 - **Optimum operating pressure**
**50% - 85% of nameplate set pressure
of valve**
- When possible use our calibrated
gauges*



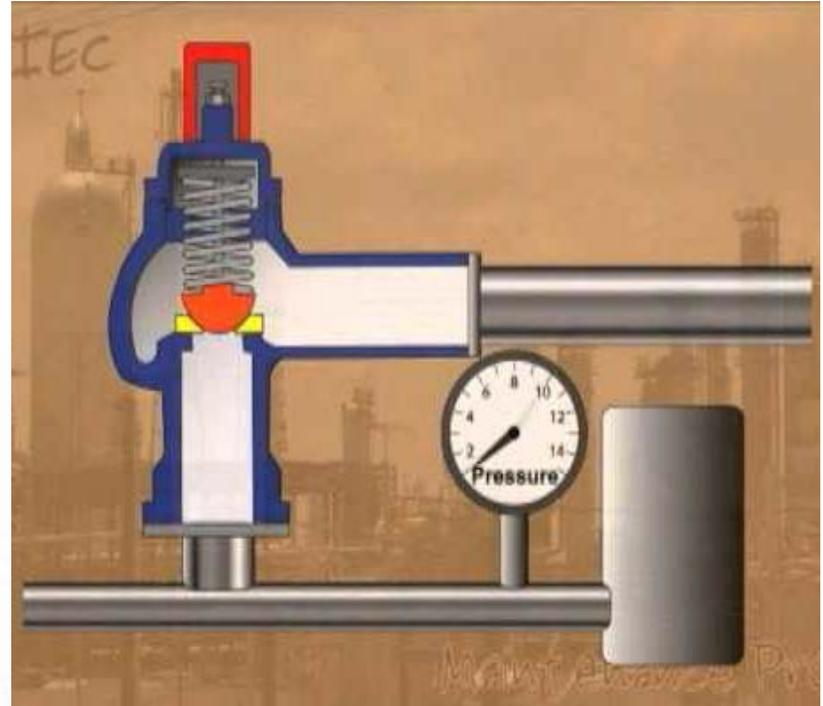
Calibrated DSC System –
Technician will radio control
room for operating pressure



What is Needed for Accurate Results

Gauge on pipe near valve

- Pressure drop concerns



**ENTER COMPANY**

Allied Valve Inc.
6291 318th Street Way
Cannon Falls, MN 55009

**EVT TEST REPORT**

Company name
Location

Job No. M162649-001
Test date 31-03-2015

Valve data

Type
1737WE-2-104-S
Customer Tag
SUPERHEAT

Size
2.5
Unit location
UNIT1

Serial no.
8Y25399
Manufacturer
CONSOLIDATED
Service
STEAM

Test data

Expected set pressure
1380.0 psi

Process pressure
1100.0 psi

Norm
ASME sec. 1
Back pressure
0.0 psi

Load cell

Loadcell range
0-1000 Kg

Loadcell serial no.
N67072

Loadcell calibration date
02-03-2015

Test results

As found

Inlet pressure
1228.0 psi

Set pressure
1391.9 psi

Test 1
Test 2
Test 3
Average

Inlet pressure
1228.0 psi
1228.0 psi
1228.0 psi
1228.0 psi

Set pressure
1391.9 psi
1381.5 psi
1389.4 psi
1387.6 psi

Acceptable range

From 1365.2 psi to 1393.8 psi
- 1.00 % + 1.00 %

Pass / Fail

Comments

FUNCTIONAL TEST ONLY
CUSTOMERS UNQUALIFIED
PRESSURE READING USED
NOT CERTIFIED AS
ACCURATE OR WARRANTED

TECHNICIAN Bill Hines

CUSTOMER _____

Certified Valve Sheet

Required by
Local Jurisdictional Body
 VR Rep must maintain
 records for 7 years

ValvKeep

| | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|  | | ALLIED VALVE, INC | | Owner <u>Cargill</u> | |
| | | Relief Device Service Report | | Plant <u>Sioux City, IA</u> | |
| Location & Identification | | | | | |
| Allied Shop (AVI) ID | | Tag Number | <u>RV-00-05</u> | Unit / Vessel | <u>2nd Level Canola Bleaching</u> |
| Sales Order # | <u>31217M-002</u> | AV Tag Number | <u>AVM-1-180</u> | | |
| Customer PO# | <u>277712</u> | Equip Location | <u>F-014 Pulse Tube</u> | Valve Asset ID | <u>SAP #220019825</u> |
| Description | <u>Warehouse</u> | Column#2 Bin# | | | |
| Valve Details | | | | | |
| Manufacturer | <u>Farris</u> | | | | |
| Model Number | <u>27GA46-120</u> | S/N | <u>522024-1-KE</u> | | |
| Pilot Model | | S/N | | | |
| Valve Size | <u>1.5 x 2.5</u> | Inlet | <u>150</u> | Outlet | <u>150</u> |
| Set Pressure | <u>80 PSIG</u> | Service | <u>Liquid -</u> | Capacity | <u>138 US G/MIN</u> |
| Temperature | <u>F</u> | Back Pressure | | Cap Type | <u>Screwed</u> |
| Spring Number | <u>RF3101-SS</u> | From / To | <u>76 to 84</u> | Soft Seat Matl | |
| Original Nameplate | | | | | |
| Model Number | <u>27GA46-120</u> | Req'd Code | <u>Sec VIII (UV)</u> | | |
| Set Pressure | <u>80 PSIG</u> | Temperature | <u>F</u> | Capacity | <u>138 US G/MIN</u> |
| Last Repair Data | | | | | |
| Model Number | <u>27GA46-120</u> | Set Pressure | <u>80 PSIG</u> | | |
| Temperature | <u>F</u> | Capacity | <u>138 US G/MIN</u> | BP | <u>CDTP</u> |
| Repair Co. | <u>Demco</u> | VR # | | I.D.# | <u>1106100</u> |
| Last Repair Date | <u>2011/06</u> | VR Stamp | <u>False</u> | | |
| Received Data | | | | | |
| Date Received | <u>2013/09/18</u> | Nameplate | <u>Original</u> | Special Cleaning | <u>False</u> |
| Maintenance For | <u>Standard Recondition</u> | Seal | <u>Intact</u> | Set Press Changed | <u>False</u> |
| As Found Condition | <u>Fair</u> | | | Conversion | <u>False</u> |
| Pre-Test Data | | | | | |
| Performed | <u>False</u> | Popped @ | <u>PSIG</u> | Leaked / @ | <u>@</u> |
| Pretest Results | | | | Pretest By: | |
| Disassembly / Assembly | | | | | |
| Disassembled By | <u>CB</u> | Inspected By | <u>BH</u> | Assembled By | <u>BF</u> |
| | | BER (Beyond Economical Repair) | <u>False</u> | | |
| Test Data | | | | | |
| Date Tested | <u>2013/09/27</u> | | | | |
| Set Pressure | <u>80 PSIG</u> | Final Test Press | <u>82.0 PSIG</u> | Cold Diff Set (CDSP) | |
| Test Method | <u>Bench</u> | Test Media | <u>Water</u> | Leakage Rate | <u>Passed BPM @ 74</u> |
| Test Equip S/N | | Gauge 1 S/N | <u>CG-4</u> | BP Test / @ | <u>@</u> |
| Load Cell # | | Tested By | <u>DW</u> | VR Stamp Applied | |
| Service Location | <u>Allied Valve CF</u> | QC / Final Inspection | <u>DW</u> | Passed Test | <u>False</u> |
| Comments . | | | | | |

Boiler Nameplate

MAWP - Required Capacity

MAWP - Operating Pressure

- Total of all valves must fall within code guidelines for carrying capacity and max allowable set pressures

Possible Problems during Valve Replacement:

- When a customer replaces a valve with a different manufacturer's valve
- Section VIII valve is used in a Section I application (Not Allowed)
- Operating pressure not verified (90%)
- Outlet piping not properly supported
- Drip pan comes in contact with outlet piping

Different Capacities at 100 psi Section 1 (V) Steam



Consolidated 1811N Orifice 23,091 lb/hr

Consolidated 1511N Orifice 23,071 lb/hr

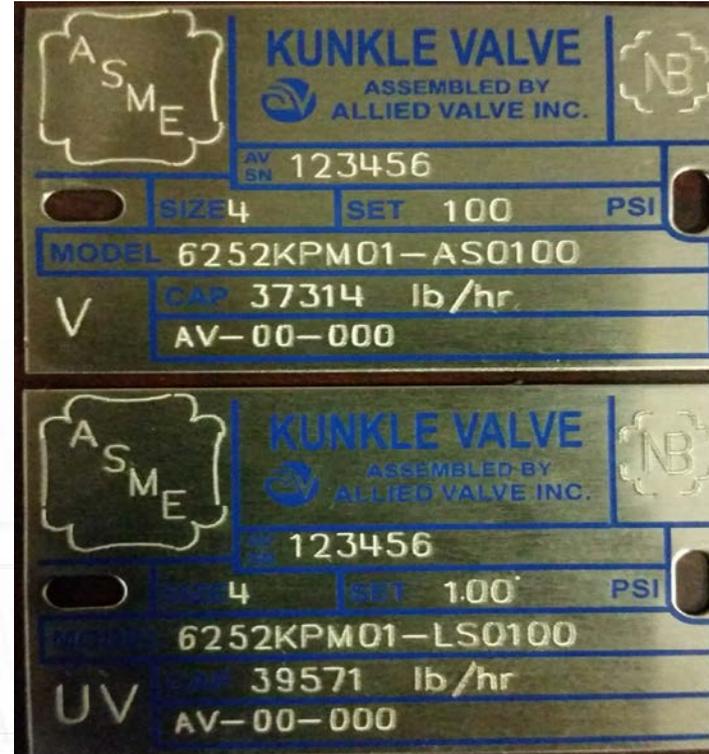
Kunkle 6252N Orifice 25,407 lb/hr

Apollo 119N Orifice 24,215 lb/hr

Farris 6400N Orifice 25,078 lb/hr

Nameplates

Section 1 Capacity
Versus Section 8
(Same Valve)



Drain Plugs - Section 1

Code requires Drain Plugs
to be removed on
Section 1 Applications

ASME PG 73.2.6



Valve Options

Spring loaded - Section 1 (V) or Section 8 (UV)

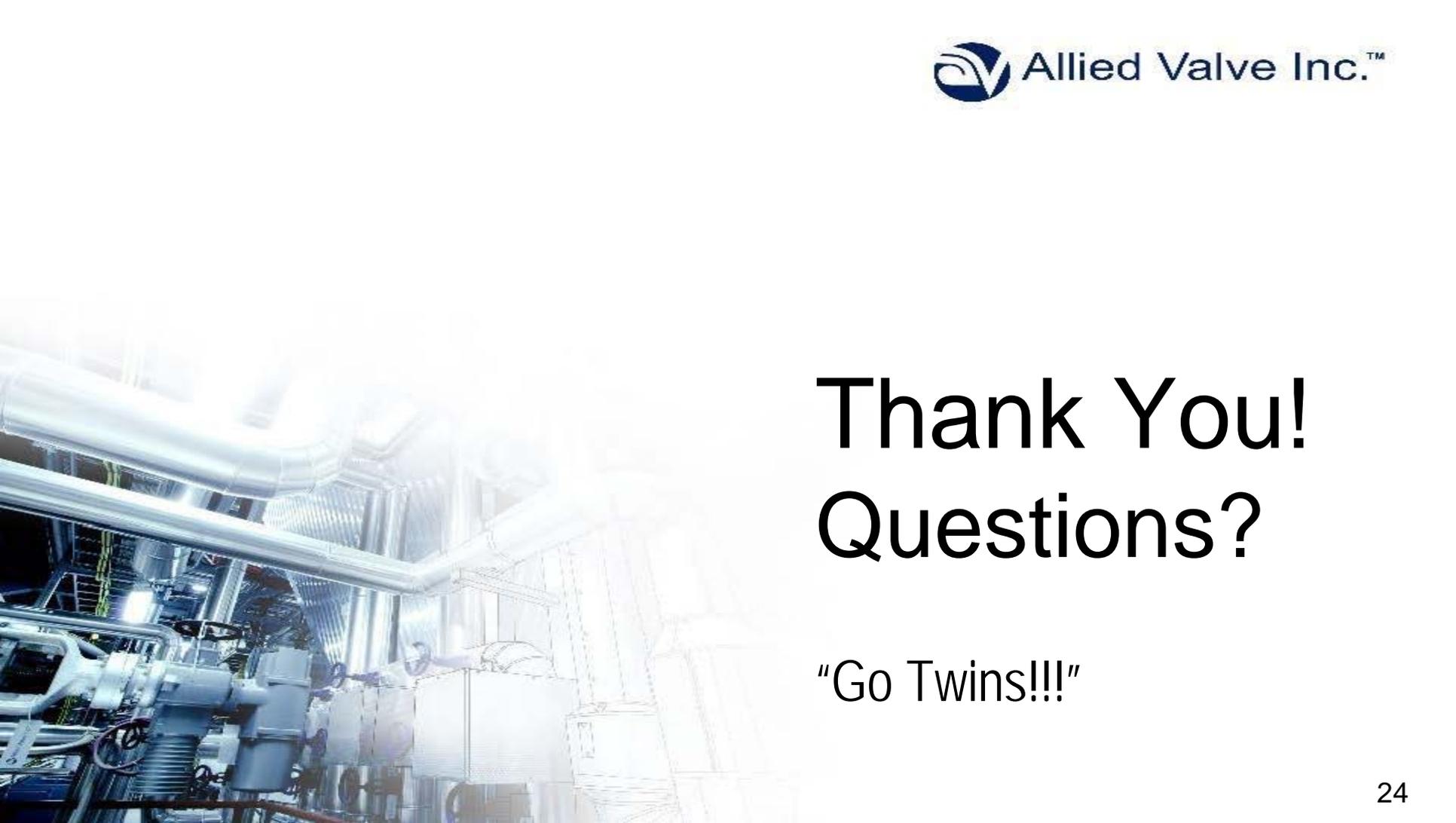
- Metal Seated
 1. Safe operating to 90% of set pressure
- Soft Seated over 101 psi off boiler
 2. Safe operating to 95% of set pressure
- Can use Section I valve on steam off the boiler if required capacity is carried

Pilot Operated – Section 1 (V) or Section 8 (UV)

- Section 1 (V), heat exchanger used because of o-ring seat
- Section 8 (UV) all other off boiler applications
- Must be on clean service

Common Failure Reasons

1. Operating too close to set point of valve
2. High vibration
3. Outlet piping stress
4. Improperly sized valve
5. Improper valve selection
6. Drip pan hits outlet piping
7. Improper storage or installation
8. Bolt torquing

The background of the slide is a photograph of an industrial facility, likely a refinery or chemical plant. It shows a complex network of large, silver-colored pipes, valves, and machinery. The lighting is bright, creating a high-contrast scene with some areas in shadow and others brightly lit. The overall tone is professional and technical.

Thank You! Questions?

“Go Twins!!!”



