The Minnesota Energy Code requires that all penetrations through an air barrier be sealed. Sealing of the opening applies to all penetrations including the service entrance, conduit, cables, panels, recessed luminaires and electrical boxes.

**EQUIPMENT LISTING AND LABELING**

- **Minnesota Rules 3800.3620** All electrical equipment, including luminaires, devices and appliances used as part of or in connection with an electrical installation shall be listed and labeled by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) as having been tested and found suitable for a specific purpose.

- **NEC 110.3** All electrical equipment shall be installed and used in accordance with the listing requirements and manufacturer’s instructions.

**ELECTRICAL SERVICES**

- **NEC 310.15** Conductor Sizes For 120/240-Volt 3-Wire, Single-Phase, Dwelling Services And Feeders
  - Copper: Aluminum: Service Rating
  - 4 AWG: 2 AWG: 100 amps
  - 1 AWG: 2/0: 150 amps
  - 2/0: 4/0: 200 amps
  - 400 kcmil: 600 kcmil: 400 amps

- **NEC 310.14** Conductors of dissimilar metals shall not be intermixed unless the device is identified for the purpose. Listed anti-oxidant compound shall be used on all aluminum conductor terminations, unless the device manufacturer states that it is not required.

- **NEC 300.7** Portions of raceways or sleeves subject to different temperatures (i.e. passing from the interior to the exterior of a building) shall be sealed with an approved material to prevent condensation from entering equipment.

- **NEC 230.54** Service entrance and overhead service conductors shall be arranged so that water will not enter the service enclosure.

- **NEC 300.9** The interior of raceways installed in wet locations above grade shall be considered wet locations.

- **NEC 300.4** Conductors 4 AWG or larger shall be protected by a bushing when entering an enclosure through a raceway.

- **NEC 230.70** Service disconnecting means shall be readily accessible and shall not be located in a bathroom

- **NEC 240.24** Overcurrent devices shall not be located in bathrooms or in the vicinity of easily ignitable materials such as clothes closets.

- **NEC 408.36** Plug-in type overcurrent devices that are back-fed shall be secured by an additional approved device.

- **NEC 110.26** Sufficient working space shall be provided around electrical equipment. The depth of that space in the direction of access to live parts shall be a minimum of 3 feet and the minimum width of that space shall be the width of the equipment or 30 inches whichever is greater. This workspace extends from the floor to 6.5’ and shall not be used for storage.

- **NEC 110.26** Illumination shall be provided for all working spaces about service equipment and panelboards.

**GROUNDING AND BONDING**

- **NEC 250.32** Buildings supplied by a feeder or branch circuit shall have an equipment grounding conductor run with the supply conductors and connected to the grounding electrode system at the building.

- **NEC 250.50** All grounding electrodes that are present at each building or structure shall be bonded together to form the grounding electrode system.

- **NEC 250.50** Acceptable grounding electrodes include a metal underground water pipe in direct contact with earth for 10 feet or more, a metal frame of a building or structure, a concrete encased electrode or a ground ring

- **NEC 250.53** A metal underground water pipe shall be supplemented by an additional electrode, such as a rod, pipe or plate electrode.

- **NEC 250.53** Unless a rod, pipe and plate electrode has a resistance to ground of 25 ohms or less, it shall be supplemented with another acceptable electrode.

- **NEC 250.86** The conductor that is the sole connection to a rod, pipe or plate electrode is not required to be larger than #6 AWG copper.

- **NEC 250.64** The grounding electrode conductor shall be continuous, securely fastened and protected from physical damage.

**Table: Equivalent Size of Service Entrance Conductor**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size of Service Entrance Conductor</th>
<th>Size of the Grounding Electrode Conductor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Copper: Aluminum</td>
<td>Copper: Aluminum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 AWG 2</td>
<td>2 8* 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 AWG 2/0</td>
<td>6 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2/0 or 3/0</td>
<td>4 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **NEC 305.28** The main bounding jumper – generally the green bonding screw provided by the panel manufacturer - shall be installed in the main service panel.

- **NEC 250.104** The interior metal water piping and other metal piping that may become energized shall be bonded to the service equipment with a bonding jumper sized the same as the grounding electrode conductor.

**UNDERGROUND Wiring**

- **NEC 300.5** Direct buried cable or conduit or other raceways shall meet the following minimum cover requirements:
  - Direct Burial Cable: 24 inches
  - Rigid or Intermediate Metal Conduit: 6 inches
  - Non Metallic Raceway (PVC): 18 inches

  The minimum cover for 120-volt residential branch circuits rated 20 amps or less and provided with GFCI protection at their source is permitted to be 12-inches.

- **NEC 680.10** Underground wiring is not permitted under pools or within 5 feet horizontally from the walls of the pool, unless supplied permitted pool equipment.

- **NEC 300.5** Underground service laterals shall have their location identified by a warning ribbon placed in the trench at least 12” above the underground installation.

- **NEC 305.5** Where subject to ground movement, direct buried cables and raceways shall be provided with expansion capability to prevent damage to the enclosed conductors or to the connected equipment.

- **NEC 110.14** Wire splicing devices for direct burial Schedules shall be listed for such use.

- **NEC 305.5** Conductors emerging from underground shall be installed in rigid metal conduit, intermediate metal conduit, or Schedule 80 rigid nonmetallic conduit from 18” below grade or the minimum cover distance up to the point of termination above ground.

**Residential Electrical Inspection Checklist**

Based on the 2011 National Electrical Code ©

When an owner files a Request for Electrical Inspection form and inspection fees with the Department of Labor & Industry or other electrical inspection authority, that person is signing an affidavit that they own and occupy the residence and that they will personally perform all of the electrical work, including the laying out of such work.

“Owner” is defined in MN Stat §326B.31, Subd. 23 as a natural person who physically performs electrical work on a residence or owns or will occupy a residence as a residence upon completion of construction.

A separate request for electrical inspection form with the required fees must be submitted to the Department at or before commencement of any electrical installation that is required by law to be inspected.

All wiring shall be inspected before it is concealed and the installer shall notify the inspector when the wiring is complete, before the wiring is utilized and the associated space occupied.

It is illegal for an owner to install electrical wiring in mobile home or recreational vehicle parks, or on property that is rented, leased, or occupied by others.

A rough-in inspection must be made before insulation, sheet-rock, paneling, or other materials cover any electrical wiring. Underwater wiring must be inspected before the trench is back-filled. Except for the final connection to switches, receptacles, and lighting fixtures, all ground wires and other wires in boxes must be spliced and pigtailed for the rough-in inspection.

This brochure is only intended to be a general overview of residential electrical requirements. Reasonable efforts have been made to ensure that this information is current, complete and accurate, however no claim is made that this information is beyond question.

While there are many resources for do-it-yourself owners, please refer to accredited sources for National Electrical Codes information and have your work inspected to assure your electrical installation will be free from fire and electrical shock hazard.

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**Minnesota Department of Labor & Industry**

443 Lafayette Road North
Saint Paul, Minnesota 55155
(651) 284-5056 or 1-800-DIAL DLI
TTY (651) 297-4198
www.dli.mn.gov
dli.communications@state.mn.us

Minnesota Electrical Inspector Directory:
PLAN YOUR WIRING PROJECT

Where wiring is concealed before inspection, the person responsible for concealing the wiring shall be responsible for all costs resulting from uncovering and replacing the covering material. Mn Rules 3800.3770

02 The installer shall schedule a final inspection when the electrical work is completed prior to the wiring being utilized and the space occupied. Mn Rules 3800.3780

GENERAL CIRCUIT REQUIREMENTS

NEC 406.4 and 406.12 All 125-volt, 15- and 20-amp receptacles installed or replaced in dwelling units shall be listed tamper-resistant. Exceptions include a receptacle located more than 18 inches above the floor, a receptacle in space dedicated for an appliance that is not readily moved and replacement non-tamper-resistant receptacles.

NEC 210.12 All branch circuits supplying 125-volt, 15 and 20 amp outlets in dwelling unit family rooms, dining rooms, living rooms, parlors, libraries, dens, bedrooms, sunrooms, recreation rooms, closets, hallways or similar areas shall be protected by a listed combination type AFCI device. AFCI protection is also required where branch circuit wiring in the above rooms is modified, replaced or extended.

NEC 210.11 and 422.12 In addition to the branch circuits installed to supply general illumination and receptacle outlets in dwelling units, the following minimum requirements apply:

- Two 20-amp circuits for the kitchen receptacles
- One 20-amp circuit for the laundry receptacles
- One 20-amp circuit for the bathroom receptacles
- An individual branch circuit for central heating equipment

GFCI PROTECTION

NEC 406.4 and 406.9 Receptacles installed in wet locations and in wet locations that are or replaced shall be listed as weather-resistant type.

NEC 300.3 All conductors of the same circuit, including grounding and bonding conductors, shall be contained in the same raceway, cable, or trench.

NEC 406.4 Every circuit and circuit modification shall be legibly identified as to its circuit, evident, and specific purpose or use in sufficient detail on a directory located on the face or inside of the electrical panel doors.

NEC 240.4 Conductors shall be protected in accordance with their ampacity per Table 280.15(B) and 240.4(D)

NEC 406.3 Receptacle outlets shall be of the grounding type, be grounded, and have proper polarity.

NEC 310.15 Maximum Overcurrent Protection Fuse or Circuit Breaker Size Minimum Wire Size

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amps</th>
<th>Copper</th>
<th>Aluminum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>N/A</td>
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<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Note: Conductors that supply motors, air-conditioning units, and other equipment may have overcurrent protection that exceeds the limitations in the above chart.

NEC 210.52 Receptacle outlets in habitable rooms shall be installed so that no point measured horizontally along the floor line in any wall space is more than 6-feet from a receptacle outlet. A receptacle shall be installed in each wall space 2-feet or more in width.

NEC 210.52 At kitchen countertops, receptacle outlets shall be installed so that no point along the wall line is more than 24 inch measured horizontally from a receptacle outlet in that space. Countertop spaces separated by range tops, sinks or refrigerators are separate spaces.

NEC 210.52 A receptacle outlet shall be installed at each counter space 12-inches or wider and at each island counter or peninsular space greater than 24-inches by 12-inches. Receptacles shall be located not more than 20-inches above the countertop, or not more than 12-inches below the countertop.

NEC 210.52 & 406.9 At least one receptacle accessible at grade level shall be installed at the front and back of a dwelling, and shall have a cover that is weatherproof whether or not an attachment plug cap is inserted.

NEC 210.52 Balconies, decks and porches, regardless of size, that are accessible from inside a dwelling unit shall have at least one receptacle installed within the perimeter.

NEC 210.8 Ground-fault circuit-interrupter (GFCI) protection shall be provided for all 125-volt, 15 and 20 amp receptacle outlets installed outdoors, in boathouses, garages, unfinished accessory buildings, crawl spaces or other below grade level, unfinished basements, bathrooms, at kitchen countertops and within 6’ of the outside edge of all other sinks.

NEC 680.71 Hydro-massage bath tubs (a tub with a re-circulating piping system designed to discharge water upon each use) and associated components shall be supplied by an individual branch circuit and shall have ground-fault circuit-interrupter protection.

NEC 680.71 All 125-volt receptacles rated not more than 30 amps that are installed within 6 feet of the inside walls of a hydromassage bathtub shall be GFCI protected.

NEC 680.73 Hydromassage bathtub equipment shall be accessible without damaging the building structure or finish. When cord connected and accessible through an access panel, the receptacle shall be within 1-foot of the opening and shall face the opening.

NEC 680.21(C) All 15- and 20-amp, single-phase, 125-volt or 240-volt pool pump motors, whether cord connected or direct wired, shall be provided with GFCI protection.

An equipotential bonding grid to mitigate step and touch voltage potential shall be installed at outdoor swimming pools, spas and hot tubs, livestock areas, and at electrical equipment installed outdoors adjacent to natural and artificially made bodies of water.

WIRING METHODS

NEC 314.23 All electrical boxes shall be rigidly secured to the building structure.

NEC 314.27 Where space conductors are installed to a location acceptable to a ceiling fan, a listed fan box shall be installed.

NEC 334.30 Type NM (nonmetallic) cables shall be secured every 4.5 feet and within 12 inch of each box.

NEC 314.17 The outer jacket of type NM cable shall be secured to the box and extend into the box at least ¼ inch.

NEC 300.14 The minimum length of conductors, including leads to a switch box, shall be 6 inches and extend at least 3 inches outside the box.

NEC 300.4 Cables and raceways shall be protected from damage. Where installed through bored holes in wood framing members, only holes shall be bored so that the edge of the hole is not less than 1 inch from the nearest edge of the wood member, or shall be protected by a 1/16 inch steel plate.

NOTE: Local building codes will help you determine where boxes or receptacles are permitted.

Example: a box with Four 14/2 w/ground type NMB cables:

- 8 insulated wires = 16 cubic inches
- 2 insulated wires = 8 cubic inches
- 2 insulated wires = 4 cubic inches
- 2 insulated wires = 2 cubic inches

Minimum Box Volume = 28 cubic inches

NEC 401.16 Luminaires in clothes closets shall have the following minimum clearances from the storage space:

- 12 inches for totally enclosed surface mounted incandescent or LED luminaires
- 6 inches for recessed totally enclosed incandescent, fluorescent or LED luminaires
- 6 inches for surface mounted or recessed fluorescent luminaires

Surface mounted fluorescent or LED luminaires listed for installation within the defined storage space are permitted.

NEC 410.2 Closet storage space is the area bounded by the sides and back closet walls extending from the closet floor to a height of 6-feet or the highest clothes-hanging rod and then out 24-inches from the sides and back of the closet walls respectively, and then continuing from there to the ceiling at a distance of 12-inches or the shelf height whichever is greater.

NEC 410.16 Incandescent luminaries with open or partially enclosed lamps and pendant fixtures or lamp-holders are not permitted in closets.

NEC 410.10 Luminaires installed in wet or damp locations shall be marked as suitable for use in wet or damp locations, correspondingly.